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Ottawa County Times.

VOL. I.

HOLLAND, MICHIGAN, JUNE 10, 1892.

NO. 20.

HOLLAND CITY—AS IT IS AND AS IT WILL BE.

HOLLAND CITY is a trade center in the midst of a thrifty farming community. It is a busy place, possessing many natural and acquired advantages, busy manufacturing and an unrivaled retail trade. The retail business occupies handsome modern buildings and is carried on by sterling, pushing business men. A quarry of the finest building stone is in active operation just outside of the city. A plant of the Edison electric light is used. It has a first class water works system, fire department, fair grounds, and the finest graded streets of any city in the State. It has elegant churches of all denominations, Hope college, high schools, libraries, etc., commensurate to its needs. An immense railway freight, express and passenger traffic is transacted. It has steamboat lines to Chicago and Milwaukee. Macatawa Bay furnishes the finest privileges in the State for manufacturing and shipping. The harbor is one of the best on the east shore of Lake Michigan. Manufactories are many with heavy capital invested, machinery, wagons, flouring mills, furniture, tanneries, planing mills, basket factories, farming implements, stave and heading, butter tub factories and many others, with more projected and being pushed. Macatawa Park, Ottawa Beach, Shady Side and Harrington's Landing are some of the finest summer resorts in the State as the hundreds of thousands who have visited them can testify. They are five or six miles from the city and are reached by rail or by a delightful ride on one of the lake steamers. The spirit of push and progress prevades all departments of trade. Holland possesses the reputation of being the best of markets, and real estate is in great demand. As it is, it is a busy city of 5,000 inhabitants. As it will be, it will be one of the busiest of Michigan cities.

OTTAWA COUNTY TIMES.

M. G. MANTING, Editor and Publisher.

Published Every Friday, at Holland Michigan.

Terms of Subscription, \$1.50 per year, or \$1 per year if paid in advance.

Advertising Rates made known on Application.

Entered at the post office at Holland, Mich., for transmission through the mails as second-class matter.

CITY ITEMS.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Harm Stegerda last Sunday—a girl.

Do not fail to hear Mr. Knapp's vocal solos next Monday evening.

Richard Smith, a prominent farmer of Olive township, has purchased a fine lot in Bay View addition this week of real estate agent J. C. Post. Mr. Smith will erect a handsome residence thereon.

Henry Timmerman, a prominent and wealthy farmer of Fillmore, Allegan county, has just purchased three acres of land in the south part of the city where he expects to make his future home.

Last Tuesday evening a meeting of the Y. M. C. A. was held. Bids for the construction of the Y. M. C. A. building are now being received according to plans and specifications of the architect.

Between Saturday night and Monday morning, thieves broke open the tool chest of John Hoek, which he had in an unfinished house on Thirteenth St., and carried off several of the tools. This is the second time within the past few weeks.

To-morrow (Saturday) evening there will be an opening party at Ottawa Beach. The Steamer "Lizzie Walsh" will give a grand moonlight excursion accompanied by the Holland City band. The boat will leave Pfanstiehl's dock at 7:30, King's dock at 7:45. Fare, including ticket to dance only 75 cents.

Last Tuesday evening Frank Carr, Charles L. King, Adam McNabb, Alfred Huntley and C. Blom, Sr., served an injunction upon the mayor and common council of the city, to restrain them from issuing bonds for the establishment of an electric light plant. Their claim is that the election held upon that question this spring was illegal. The case has been left in the hands of the city attorney and it will come up at the next meeting of the circuit court. A temporary injunction has been granted by Judge Hart.

You may want a good spring wagon, buggy or lumber wagon. If so, we can give you a pointer. We are always looking for the best material and workmanship in vehicles and we want to make quick sales and small profits. The elastic gear on carriages is one of the best. Come and see it. If you want a first class vehicle at a reasonable rate, we can help you out. James Kole, North River street.

To show the demand for the "Sunlight" brand of flour, we can mention that a party last week offered the Standard Roller Mills 15 cents per barrel extra to fill an order. Afterwards the party placed an order for two carloads to be shipped as soon as possible and to make their own price on it. The company is at present also filling two large foreign orders, one from Glasgow, Scotland, and the other from Leith, Scotland. This certainly all speaks highly for the quality of the flour manufactured by the Standard Roller Mills. If you want good bread, try "Sunlight."

We clip the following from the Evening Wisconsin of last Saturday: "The owners of the steamer Pilgrim are satisfied that the recent sinking of the steamer Kalamazoo in midlake was the result of a blunder on their craft. Hence a satisfactory settlement has been reached with the owners of the Kalamazoo, who pay \$6,000 and take possession of the Pilgrim. Expensive litigation is thus avoided. The Pilgrim has a valuation of about \$19,000, while the Kalamazoo was put down in Inland Lloyds as worth \$12,000. This is said to be the first case of a collision, no matter how conclusive the proof of responsibility, in which the owners of the craft at fault turned over their craft without contesting the matter to the last notch in the courts.

Born to Rev. and Mrs. G. J. Hekhuis last Tuesday—agirl.

The walls for the new West Michigan furniture factory are progressing nicely.

Mr. Wynn's violin solos are always enjoyed. Hear him at the opera house Monday.

Chas. Richardson, Chas. Harmon and Ike De Kraker caught 231 white bass last Wednesday.

Dr. T. A. Boot of Grand Rapids, formerly of this city, was married at Kalamazoo Wednesday to Miss Florence Higgins.

Next Sabbath forenoon, the pulpit in Hope church will be filled by Rev. Chas. S. Dutton and in the evening by Prof. J. H. Gillespie.

A moonlight excursion to Ottawa Beach to-morrow (Saturday) evening. Remember the steamer Lizzie Walsh leaves Pfanstiehl's dock at 7:30 and King's dock at 7:45.

Frank Gunn, of the Lake Shore, brought in two young eagles of the baldheaded variety last Monday. He tried to dispose of them at five dollars each but found no takers.

John Kiekentveld, our first ward merchant, received a present last Sunday from his wife. It was a bouncing boy and John feels big about it.

device or system for raising logs. Any one wishing to buy a share in the patent can address him in this city.

Wednesday night there was a disturbance on Eighth street. We understand that one of the offenders was run in and was fined the next morning.

Rev. H. E. Dosker telegraphed yesterday from the Synod held at Ashbury Park, N. Y., that the federal union had been postponed. He expects to be home this evening.

The frame building occupied by P. De Kraker as a boot and shoe store is being moved to the corner of River and Seventh streets. Operations will soon be commenced upon the Holland City State Bank building upon the corner of River and Eighth streets.

Our go-ahead jeweler H. Wykhuysen has just put up a new and attractive sign. If you are in need of anything in the jewelry line, give him a call and get his prices and you will be agreeably surprised. He is also ready for doing the finest repairing.

Passengers on the steamer MeVea to Chicago Tuesday evening: J. W. Bosman, G. H. Boss, Mrs. F. Oosting, S. A. Birdsell. Passengers from Chicago Thursday morning: B. Vanderiet, A. J. Vanderhevel, T. Hempsen, J. H. Sisson, J. W. Bosman and A. W. Basage.

Pension claim agent Isaac Fairbanks has recently secured the following named pensions: Girard Van Lier of Zeeland, Mich., late Co. G. 34 Reg. Wisconsin Inf. Volunteers, \$8 per month, new law; William Sherman of Ventura, Mich., late Co. C. 11 Reg. Mich. Inf. Volunteers, \$12 per month, new law; David Van Houten, Allegan, \$8 per month.

We were shown some very fine photographs this week by G. Anderson who has returned from a trip to South Dakota. The scenes were of the flooded district in Sioux City, Iowa. Mr. Anderson stated that before entering Sioux City they passed with the train for thirty-five miles through water from two to three feet deep and in some of the streets of Sioux City the water was six to eight feet deep.

The editor of the average country newspaper is generally not only willing but glad to print anything in the shape of news that he can get hold of and the more he gets, the better it suits him and his patrons. But he is neither omnipotent nor omniscient. And yet people often think they are intentionally slighted because he does not publish some item that does not come under his observation, but which he would just as cheerfully publish whether it concerned friends or enemies did he only know of it. The moral of the above is, when you know of anything that you think would make your home paper more newsy and readable just give the printer a tip and see how quick he will jump for it.

D. J. Sluyter wants 5000 men. See notice in another column.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. Vanderberg last Sunday—a young drayman.

The Rev. W. P. Law will hold services in Grace Episcopal church next Sunday morning and evening.

The trios for piano, violin and cello will be strong features of Miss Glazier's musicale next Monday evening.

Farmers are as a rule good financiers; they know a good binder, mower, plow or harrow when they see it. When a dealer keeps the best of such articles in stock for them they will patronize him. This is the reason that H. De Kruij, Jr., of Zeeland, has built up such a large trade in agricultural implements and vehicles through the surrounding community. Carloads of new machinery have been received lately and buyers know that De Kruij is selling goods remarkably cheap.

This spring there is considerable building going on. When you put up a house it makes a great difference where you buy your building material. The firm of De Pree & Elenbaas have by fair and honest dealing worked up a large business. They have one of the largest manufactories in the community and can furnish all kinds of building materials at bottom prices. They also have a fine line of buggies and road wagons in stock.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. L. E. Best of Grand Rapids is in the city.

Mrs. P. Conley went to Grand Rapids Thursday.

Geo. P. Hummer went to Grand Rapids yesterday.

John Kramer and wife went to Grand Rapids Thursday.

Miss Annie and Florence Kruisenga spent Monday in Grand Rapids.

Mrs. W. Clock, nee Sena Jonkman of Kalamazoo spent a few days visiting relatives and friends here this week.

Mrs. G. Eckerd and family of Grand Rapids, formerly of this city, spent Saturday with Mrs. McMartin.

Frank De Barr of Grand Rapids addressed the labor unions at Harrington's hall last Saturday evening on the labor question.

Theological student Harry Kremers has left for Raymond, S. D. to preach for the Presbyterian congregation there during the summer.

T. W. Mullenburg, formerly student at Hope college, has been appointed by the board of missions as missionary at Amoy, China.

A. Steketee was in Grand Rapids on business Tuesday.

Rev. A. Van Den Berg of New Kirk, Iowa, has accepted a call to Overisel.

G. J. Diekema went to Lansing Wednesday.

Rev. De Bruyn of Grand Haven was in the city Tuesday.

Sheriff Vaupell of Grand Haven was in the city Tuesday.

Peter Ver Lee, living two miles south of the city, and who has been very sick lately, is convalescing.

Mr. and Mrs. John De Bruyn of Detroit are visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Dan Elferdink and Lawrence Kramer of Grand Rapids spent Sunday in this city.

Misses Martha and Lucy Blom went to Grand Rapids Wednesday.

H. H. Pope of Allegan registered at the City hotel Wednesday.

D. M. Gerber and wife of Douglas were in the city Wednesday.

Mrs. B. Posthumus and Miss Jennie Beye of Grand Rapids left for home again last Wednesday after visiting friends and relatives here.

J. E. Benjamin was in Zeeland Wednesday.

Capt. De Boe returned from Detroit last Tuesday evening. He says the trip has done him good.

C. Blom, Sr., and son Willie went to Grand Rapids Wednesday.

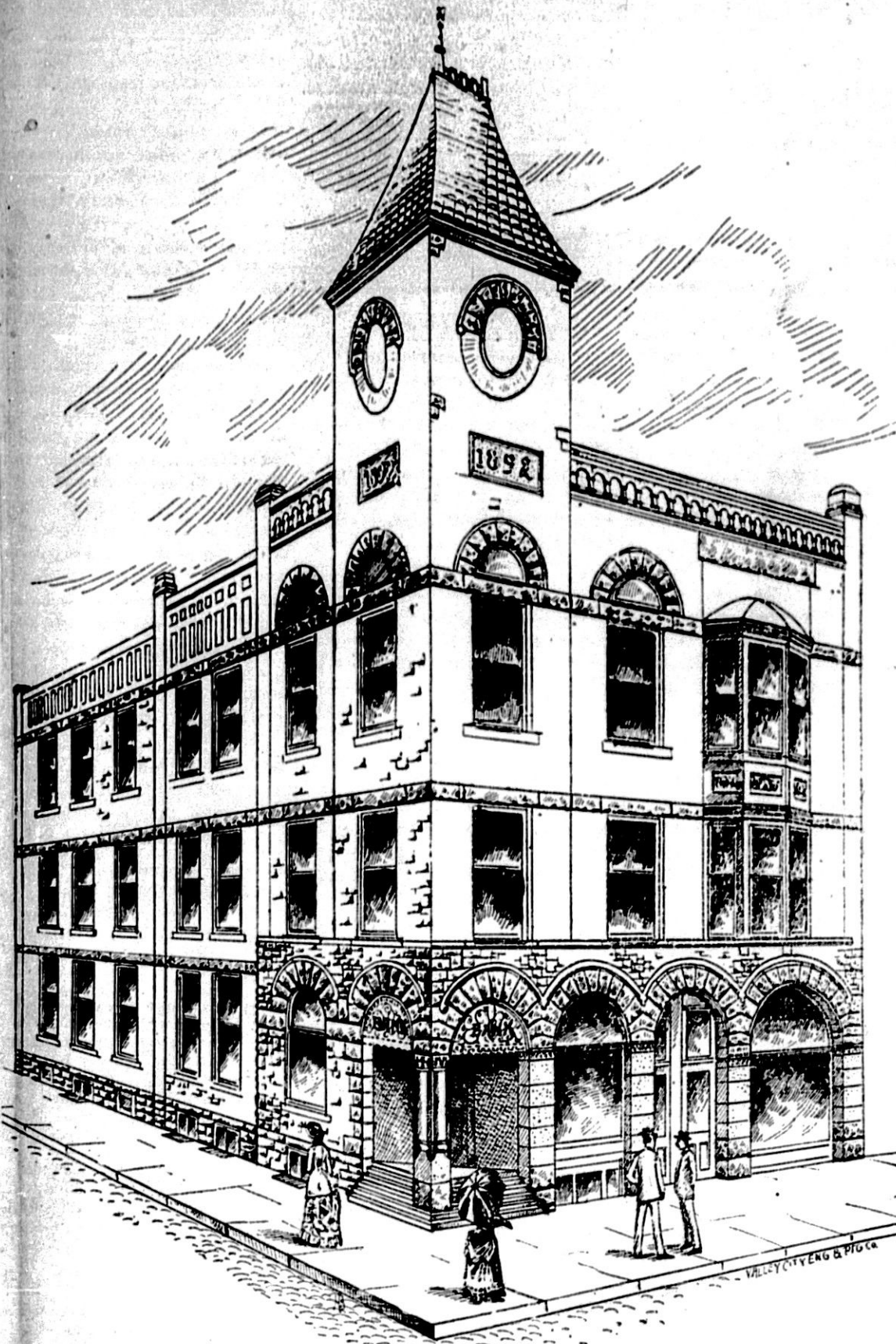
Mrs. S. J. Higgins has accepted the position of principal of the public school at Cadillac. Mrs. Higgins has taught in this city for a number of years, and has made many friends who will miss her.

R. Z. Davis who has been quite sick with measles is out again.

Miss Gladys and Myrnie Davis left here Tuesday to visit their uncle and aunt in Bangor, this state.

An open air concert will be given by the Holland City band to-morrow evening at 6:45 on the corner of Eighth and Market streets. The program will be: March—Anawau. Thomas. Selections from Lucretia Borgia. Balfie. March—Boangers. Kallionen. Cornet Solo—Daphne. Beebe. FRED. NOBLE. Selection—Bohemian Girl. Balfie. Come out and hear the boys play and be assured that they are doing some excellent playing.

A photographer is known by the quality of his work. Hopkins makes no claims of doing the best work in the state, it is unnecessary. Call and examine. We let our work do the talking.



[THE NEW SAVINGS BANK.]

OUR CITY'S GROWTH.

THE NEW HOME OF THE HOLLAND CITY STATE BANK.

It has become a matter of pleasure and pride for every resident of Holland to observe the rapid and substantial growth which the city is making in industrial and business enterprises.

The year 1891 added so much to Holland City, that many persons looked for the "reaction", which unbelievers are always prophesying, to follow in 1892. Instead of such an unfortunate result the year 1892 will contribute more to the permanent growth and development of our city, than has taken place in any three years of its past history.

And this progress and advancement is not confined to any one line of improvement. The factories, the backbone of the town, are all increasing their capacity for the employment of labor and the production of the manufactured articles. The new West Michigan factory will add to its pay roll at least 125 hands, and make of the plant one of the most complete and profitable furniture factories in the country. The Cappon & Bertsch Leather company are also making great improvements. New boilers, engines, warehouses and additions to the present immense workshops, will be added this season by the tannery company and, on their completion, largely increase the number of employees. The Standard roller mills, the Ottawa furniture factory, the tub and pail factory, and, in fact, all our manufacturing establishments are increasing their capacity this year.

The Chicago & West Michigan railway company report a greater proportionate increase of business at Holland, than at any other city on the entire system. In keeping with this, the road is concentrating much of its business here. The company now own nearly 80 acres of land adjoining the city, where new yards, round houses and other permanent improvements are being built. It is certain that other and still more important railroad industries will soon occupy a part of this railroad property.

For the first time in its history, Holland City has a direct daily steamboat line to Chicago. This is one of the most important events of the year, and every business man and manufacturer should do everything possible to help this enterprise and sustain the boats with their business, as it means more for the permanent growth of the city, than anything else. Grand Rapids is continually howling for a ship canal, or river improvement, which will enable boats to reach it from lake ports. This anxiety and effort on the part of the Grand Rapids business men and manufacturers are an acknowledgment that their town is not the place for factories, but that the lake cities, with both water and rail facilities for transportation, will make the future manufacturing towns of Michigan.

It is not the purpose of this article, however, to detail the prosperity and growth of Holland, except as relating to the latest of the many new building enterprises—that of the erection of the new savings bank building. Nothing indicates the change that has taken place in Holland more than its banking interests. But little more than two years ago, before the town had awakened from its Rip Van Winkle sleep, one small private bank had no difficulties in transacting all the banking business and taking care of all the money of the community. At this time the First State bank was organized, with a capital of \$35,000. This enterprise was looked upon by many wise men as a foolhardy one, and even its stockholders had so little confidence in its permanence, that they rented an old building at the outset and refused offers of the best locations in the city at beggarly prices. But the success of the bank was immediate and the institution has increased its capital and now owns and occupies the finest bank building in Ottawa and Allegan counties.

The original private bank has also kept pace in growth with the other. It was incorporated as the Holland City State bank under the laws of Michigan, with a capital of \$37,000 and has recently been re-organized and its capital increased to \$50,000.

With the re-organization of the Holland City State bank, new features and new men have been added to it. This bank has heretofore transacted only a commercial business, but will also have a savings department, for the safe care and investment of the savings of the people. Deposits will be received in sums of ten cents and upwards and interest paid on them.

The handsome building shown on this page will be the new home of the Holland City State bank. Mr.

W. K. Johnston of Chicago is its architect and the contract was let for its construction, this week, to Mr. James Huntley, the well-known hustling contractor of this city. The building will have the fronts on River and Eighth streets entirely of Waverly sandstone. The tower will contain a town clock, with dial illuminated by electricity, so that the citizens can dispense with their watches and clocks and tell the time day and night, by glancing up at the big stone bank. This bank building throughout will be constructed of the best materials and with the modern improvements for convenience and protection of the money of the community. The vault will be lined with a heavy and substantial protection of steel rails, with the latest burglar proof doors and safes, making it better protected against loss by fire or theft than any bank vault in this part of the state. The building will stand upon the corner of Eighth and River streets and it will be the best and most centrally located business block in the city. The building will not only be the handsomest, but also the finest and most convenient bank building in Western Michigan. It will be completed and ready for occupancy early in October of the present year.

Until the completion of the new block the bank will remain in its present building on the south side of Eighth street. The savings department will be opened for business on July 1, 1892. This bank has always had the best commercial business of the city and the addition of the savings department to its business is certain to be appreciated and made use of by our people.

The present officers and stockholders of the bank include the following well known citizens, whose names are a guarantee of its careful management and business enterprise: President, Jacob Van Putten, Sr.; vice-president, W. H. Beach; cashier, Cornelius VerSchure. Other directors and stockholders, P. H. McBride, Jacob Van Putten, Jr., Hon. D. B. K. Van Raalte, A. Van Putten, M. Van Putten, J. C. Post, W. B. Griffin of Saugatuck, R. Veneklaasen and brothers, owners of the Zeeland Brick yards, of Zeeland.

Socks!
Twenty-four socks for one dollar. Just think of it, then come down to our store and invest a dollar for a dozen pair of seamless socks.

BOSMAN BROTHERS, Clothiers.

THE SHYLOCK OF THE STREAM.

The Best Methods of Capturing the Pickerel.

The pickerel is not a handsome fish, nor has he any sweetness of disposition to make up for this deficiency. He is an unmitigated Shylock, a blusterer and a bully, and an arrogant coward withal. As such he is entitled to the contempt of all true men and all real anglers. He is the one fish of all that swim our waters for which no mercy should be asked, and to which no quarter should be given. It would be all the better if we could exterminate him, destroy him utterly and leave the waters open for better fish; but, alas! like Shylock of the street, he clings, and will probably remain as long as any live to fear or abhor him. To get rid of the pickerel is fairly impossible, and, since it is so, all that is left is to make the most of him, and, by this token, put in a summer day or so angling for him, in fault of better sport.

The pickerel is one of the earliest fishes to begin biting in the spring. It follows up the streams on the first high waters that succeed the close of winter, and as quick as they have settled to a fair degree of clearness, he is on hand ready to begin operations. He bites about as freely all summer long, and is the last to give it up in the fall, while in the winter time he is almost the only fish sure to bite at a bait dropped through a hole in the ice on a lake which he inhabits. There is no let up to him. Yet, in spite of all his eating, he never gets fat or slightly, but retains always the lank and hungry look which is, indeed, his chief characteristic.

It doesn't make much difference what sort of a rod one uses for pickerel fishing, for there is little inducement for putting on any style with this creature, and the sooner he is yanked ashore and sent up the golden stair the better for all anglers. He does not particularly want these things, but is so afraid something will get away from him that he swallows them on chance. He is fond of frogs, will eat almost any kind of a minnow, and, indeed, will hardly allow any sort of small animal to pass unmolested. It is said that he will eat young ducks that swim over his lair, although that may not be true. It is certain that he can be taken on a bait made of half a good sized water snake.

A strip from the gullet of another fish, arranged to run on spinning tackle, is very killing on pickerel, and so is a sort of squid made of an eel skin and attached to a gang of hooks. A large minnow, hung on a swivel hook so that it will revolve readily in the water, is a very successful lure for bank or boat trolling. The simple spoon with its tuft of feathers hiding its triangle of sharp steel hooks, is the best all-round lure for pickerel that you can use. A cheap tin spoon is not apt to last very long, as the pickerel has as much strength in his mouth as the lady with the iron jaw.

A No. 4 spoon can be cast very well on a light fly rod, and if one does not mind degrading his six-ounce split bamboo, he can make out to troll with it. In either way he may hook a pickerel which, under such circumstances, will be difficult to land, although his tactics will usually be only a sullen swimming off, a deep sulky lunge or two, and a stubborn boring down, often quickly followed by a cowardly giving up and a lazy, fainthearted turning belly up on the surface. It is only once in a while that a pickerel will go out of the water and shake his head to detach the hook, but this sometimes happens, especially in deep, cold waters, where this fish is much better in every way than in warm and shallow ones. These fellows are free biters, but not every one hooked is landed, by any means. They have a great fashion of working the hook loose from their mouth or breaking it off, or cutting the line, or freeing themselves in some way. Very often a pickerel will take a bait in his mouth and swim off with it to his favorite working place, "there to devour it at his leisure," as the story books say. In fishing with live bait it is best to wait for the second run of the pickerel before striking and not to check the line in any way. He will be apt to swallow a live bait in a moment and then start off strongly. A dead bait he will probably throw out of his mouth, and therefore the strike should be at the first run for that bait. In ten minutes the pickerel would have the line and rod swallowed, and would be meditating about taking in the angler and his boat.

Try Cannel coal for domestic use. It is of superior quality and will give satisfaction. For sale at A. Harrington, Produce Merchant, River St., Holland.

The pictures taken by Payne the photographer last Monday, of the street view during the procession are now finished and for sale at the gallery. They are just splendid.

Fly nets are almost in time. We are selling them at a bargain this spring. Come and see them at H. Vaupell's harness shop, Eight St., Holland.

For pure Linseed Oils, Varnishes and painter's supplies generally, go to Dr. Van Putten's drug store. Brushes a specialty, cheap.

The Best is the Cheapest.

When people accept the idea that the "best is the cheapest," then and then only will the people insist on making roads in the proper way, though they may cost more in the beginning. A road properly built adds to the prosperity of the community and the cost if maintained in good order, need be no more than is now used for hauling mud and stone into the middle of mudholes. A country can never prosper where six months out of the year all the necessary driving on the road is to be through mud and slush, where the horses are worn out and the people's temper likewise, in just getting together the necessities of life. Is it any wonder that the farms are being given over to foreigners and our intelligent farmer gentlemen becoming things of the past?—National Farmer.

The Importance of Education.

Education is so essential a factor in every direction in which we have to move, that to be without it is to be deprived of the greatest blessing ever conferred upon man. It is only by intelligence that man can protect himself. To be without education is to be like a block of marble, in the rude, rough, unpolished condition of the quarry. To possess education is to have this block of marble relieved by a skillful artisan of its dross and impurities and unsightliness. Thus education in its effects upon a noble mind shows its capabilities: renders it promotive of its true ends and aims of a temporal existence, to be succeeded by an eternity of glory. How often has the humblest individual been rescued from a career of ignorance by the polishing hand of wisdom? Man is possessed of certain intuitive faculties which, subjected to educational processes, fit him to adorn his station, and invest it with abounding credit and renown. There is no occupation in which men may engage that may not be rendered more profitable by intelligent thought and labor. We must be educated for our work in order to compete for the prize, which is easily snatched from the ignorant. Every spare moment of time should be devoted to intellectual culture. Let us use our natural gifts in a proper manner.

The Farmer's Vegetable Garden.

The large amount of rain that has fallen, and the cool weather, has delayed garden work much, but by the first of June most garden vegetables should be in the ground.

See to it that peas and radishes are sown to succeed those planted earlier in the season. Radishes grown on heavy soil do not do well, but are apt to be wormy, and the roots small and irregular in shape. A small space in the garden can be fitted for radishes by drawing sand and mixing with the soil until the whole is quite sandy.

Bush beans should be planted when all danger from frost is past. Perhaps the most satisfactory way is to sow in drills three feet apart and have the plants four to six inches apart in the rows. Red Valentine, Cylinder Black Wax and Mammoth Wax are excellent varieties. Pole beans are very desirable in a family garden. The vines produce a large number of pods of most excellent quality. The hills should be from four to five feet apart each way. It is best to place the pole in the ground when the beans are planted, then the plants are not disturbed in setting the poles. Golden Cluster is a good variety of pole bean. Lima beans deserve a place in the garden, and we now have several bush varieties that are easily grown and that are productive.

Tomatoes should be started in the house or hot-bed and the plants should be large enough to set out by the first of June. If you have not plants started in this way, it is better to buy a few dozen plants than to sow the seed outdoors and wait for the plants to get large enough to set out.

Cucumbers and squashes require warm soil to grow. Both early and late varieties of squashes should be planted. For early summer Crookneck and Turban are good. Boston Marrow and the Hubbard are excellent late varieties.

Celery is a vegetable that is seldom grown in a farmer's garden, but it is well worth the labor spent in growing it. Sow the seed in shallow boxes, or in a well prepared spot in the garden and cover lightly. The seed requires two or three weeks to come up, and should be sown in drills, so that the plants can be kept free from weeds. When the plants are about two inches high, thin out and transplant to two inches apart. It is well to cut off the tops of the plants when about four inches high to make them grow stocky. The plants may be set out in the rows during July or August. The soil for celery should be light and easy to work. The rows should be four feet apart, and the plants set six to ten inches apart in the rows. When the plants are nearly full-grown they should be banked up. This process must be repeated several times until the tops of the leaves are left above the bank. In a short time the plants will be blanched and fit for use. Some of the dwarf varieties are best for general growing.—H. P. G.

All operations known to the dental profession performed with care by skillful operators at the Central Dental Parlors.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Roller the Most Valuable Machine Employed in Road Making.

Every day it is becoming more firmly established that a good road-roller is the most valuable piece of machinery employed in the road-maker's art, and, indeed, without it neither can the foundation or subsoil of the roadway be made uniformly hard and reliable, nor the surface layer be given that uniform compactness and solidity which give excellence to the road and insure a perpetual economy in the cost of maintenance and repairs. To one who has seen a heavy road-roller used in compacting the soil of a new roadway, writes Isaac B. Potter in the Century, these facts will be very evident. If a length of one thousand yards in an ordinary earth road be to an exact and uniform grade one foot below the original surface of the road, it will be found in most cases that the new surface thus exposed will present an appearance which to the ordinary observer, is of a uniform material and even hardness from end to end; but the passage of a roller weighing from ten to fifteen tons over this new surface will soon disclose the defect and soft spots located at irregular intervals throughout the length of the work; and as the process of rolling continues, the uniformity of the grade will disappear, and what at first appeared to be a tolerably satisfactory surface will develop into succession of humps, holes and undulations. In the using of the roller in actual work these depression and soft spots are carefully filled and brought to the line of the required grade, while the successive passing of the heavy roller over the filling gives to the entire road that form and consistency which is so essential to every good highway.

Girl Wanted!

Good wages will be paid to a good girl for doing general housework. Apply to L. E. VAN DREZER, River Street Restaurant, Holland, Mich.

PAINTS! PAINTS!

If you need good paints unadulterated made by John W. Masury & Son, buy them at Dr. Wm. Van Putten's drug store. Prices as cheap as inferior goods are sold at. Come and examine the assortment of colors. Goods guaranteed.

You can be suited with blankets, stable sheets and dusters in fact anything pertaining to horse furnishings by calling at Vaupell's harness and horse clothing rooms. 17-3w

Cannel coal for grate use is the best in the market. Try a lot of it and you will be satisfied as to its superior quality. For sale at A. Harrington, Produce Merchant, River St., Holland.

Did you want a hat? Step in at Bosman Brothers and see the fine lot of "Garden City" and "King" hats which they have just received. They are the latest styles, colors black and brown, and every hat warranted.

Try the home made chocolates at C. Blom, Jr's.

For a little money you can buy a large amount of goods for the next 30 days at Notter & Ver Schure.

For the convenience of my many patrons of the west end of the city, I have established an agency at Henderson's clothing store. G. J. A. Pessink, proprietor Holland City Laundry.

The finest lot of hats in the city can be found at Bosman Brothers just now. The "Garden City" and the "King" hats are considered the latest and are all the go. Either black or brown can be had and every hat warranted.

The finest imperial and cabinet photos at popular prices. Children's photos a specialty. Life size portraits in oil, crayon and water colors at Hopkins' Eighth Street Studio, Holland, Mich.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Best equipped dental parlors in this part of the state. All work done satisfactorily at lowest prices. Gillespie & Lemley.

Do you want a fine lap robe or duster this season? Remember that a large stock is kept at H. Vaupell's harness shop, Eight St., Holland.

Remember that the best kind of coal for domestic use is the Cannel coal now for sale at Austin Harrington, Produce Merchant, River street, Holland.

If you do not want to be disappointed with what you purchase buy your goods at the drug store of Dr. Wm. Van Putten, where a complete stock of drugs and paints is found—quality always guaranteed and prices cheap.

All kinds of metal work done at the best rates at the Central Dental Parlors.

The best place to buy harnesses, saddles, etc., is at Vaupell's harness shop. All kinds of nut meats at C. Blom Jr's.

If you need pure drugs and chemicals go to Dr. Wm. Van Putten's drug store.

Teeth extracted without pain by the administration of vitalized air at the Central Dental Parlors.

Now that spring is almost here, we suppose you want a new hat. To meet this emergency we have laid in an extra lot of the finest goods in the market. The "King" and "Garden City" hats are the latest styles and all warranted. Bosman Brothers.

For the small sum of Five Dollars you can now purchase a single buggy harness at Vaupell's harness and horse clothing rooms in this city. Can you afford to go without one when we quote you such low prices?

Stave bolts wanted at the old Fixter factory. Enquire of Notter & Ver Schure, Eighth St., Holland.

WILL GOOD ROADS PAY?

They Are as Important to the City as to the Farmers.

There seems to be a vague idea on the part of some of those who are disposed to discuss the road question that only the farmers are interested in securing good country roads. This is a delusion which robs the question of more than half its importance. The interest of farmers is that of individuals, whereas the members of the communities that form the villages and towns have, in addition to their individual interest, the larger interest which grows out of the communal relations. Good roads will greatly benefit the farmer; there can be no doubt of that; but in a much greater degree they will benefit the villages and towns which set up to be market centers.

It is necessary to bear this clearly in mind, for it raises the road question beyond and above the interests of the individual and invests it with the dignity and importance which properly belong to it. That which places the farmer nearer the market necessarily places the market nearer the producer, and this fact is of much more importance to the community than it is to the individual farmer.

To say that our present system is barbarous and inadequate, in that it merely provides a right of way for the great traffic of the state through mudholes and quagmires, is merely an informal description which will be cordially indorsed by all who are compelled to use our roads; but it means nothing. The system is a habit which we inherited from our Colonial ancestors. It is bad; indeed it could not be worse; but we are accustomed to it, and any change must be the result of arguments and convictions which have a business basis—which have their origin in a belief that substantial results will follow.

We may observe the alacrity with which both farmers and citizens of communities subscribe to railroad enterprises in which they can have only a remote interest, comparatively speaking. In some instances counties have issued bonds in order that they may raise money to aid railroads which cannot by any possibility prove to be equally advantageous to all the citizens. The people are willing to tax themselves because they know that substantial results will follow the advent of a railroad. They draw no dividends, but they know that the railroad will prove to be advantageous, because it brings them nearer to the great markets, gives them access for their produce, increases the value of the land in town and country, and carries along with it the spirit and impulse of industrial energy and development.

Yet if one will take the map of Georgia and make an investigation, it will be discovered that the railroads of the state bear no reasonable relation to the public roads in length, number and importance; and there are hundreds of miles of public roads that find no place on the map. In other words, notwithstanding the existence of so many railroads an overwhelming majority of the people of Georgia are compelled to depend on the public roads for marketing their produce, for receiving their supplies and for their means of communication and intercommunication. If this is the case in Georgia, a state which leads all other southern states in the matter of railroad development, what must be the situation elsewhere?

It must follow, therefore, that the building of good country roads is a matter of more importance than the building of more railroads. In fact, the railroads themselves have made better country roads an absolute necessity, for the two systems depend on each other. The complete development of one involves the complete development of the other. It is to be presumed that the public understands this in a vague and indefinite way. The question, therefore, for the public to consider is not the necessity, but the profitability, of good country roads. Will it pay to begin and carry on to completion the work of permanent improvement? This was the question asked when the people were asked to contribute to the local railway enterprise, and it is eminently a fair one.

With respect to good country roads this inquiry may be partly answered by an appeal to the common sense of those who are interested. Will it pay the farmer to be able to do the work of two and three horses with one? Will it pay him to be able in one day with two horses to do the work that formerly required four horses and two days to do?—Atlanta Constitution.

How to Make Gravel Roads.

Good gravel roads exist in great abundance throughout the villages and towns of Massachusetts. The gravel should not be a clean, dry gravel, but should have sufficient clay or earthy matter to give it the binding quality. Any pebbles greater than 1½ inches in diameter should be screened out. The accepted way of constructing a gravel road is to lay down a layer about four inches thick and roll it thoroughly with a light roller, keeping the gravel wet while it is being rolled. Then add a second layer, and treat it in a similar fashion, and finally put on a top layer, rolled with a heavy roller. The sides of the road should be rolled first and very compact, and then the middle; in this way the middle, which receives the most of the wear, has the compact sides to resist the spreading of the material and can be rolled very hard and solid. A gravel road well constructed will have a substantially impervious covering and will shed the water to the side ditches. If the side ditches properly do the work of underdraining such a road would do excellent service without being unduly expensive.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

The commercial value of high class roads is difficult to estimate. But it is well established fact that a horse can draw twice as much load on the surface of a macadamized road as upon a dirt road in its best condition; four times as much as when the dirt road is in its average state, and ten times as much as when the dirt road is turned into mud.

What is

CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrup, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

Dr. G. C. Osgood, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

Dr. J. F. KINCHELOE, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.

ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.,

The Centaur Company, 71 Murray Street, New York City.

DRESS GOODS.

I have just completed taking an inventory and offer some of the greatest bargains ever made. I have reduced the prices on some of the finest patterns in the market.

BEST STOCK IN THE CITY!

IN CROCKERY
MY STOCK HS NEVER BEEN BETTER.

B. STEKETEE
POST BLOCK.

UNDERTAKING!

Excellent Horses and Carriages and Hearse.

Caskets and everything necessary.

Give me a call if in need of such service. We will give you first-class service at reasonable prices.

Thankful for past patronage, we respectfully solicit future favors.

CHAIRS RENTED FOR FUNERALS AND PARTIES.

J. H. NIBBELINK

NINTH STREET,

HOLLAND, MICH.

A. DE KRUIF ZEELAND, MICH.

—DEALER IN—

DRUGS, - MEDICINES, - PAINTS, - OILS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES,

SOAPS, PERFUMERIES, TOILET ARTICLES, ETC.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

Compounding of Horse and Cattle Medicines a Specialty.

I invite all those wishing articles in my line to call before purchasing, as I feel assured I can make it to their interest to purchase of me.

A. DE KRUIF, Zeeland, Mich.

We Want This Our Banner Month!

CARPETS,	Although our spring trade has been immense, we have determined to make this the biggest of all our big week's business. Call and see the cheapness. Goods you have ever had the good fortune to behold.	PARLOR SUITES, BEDROOM SUITES, DINING CHAIRS, KITCHEN CHAIRS, ROCKERS, ETC.
CURTAINS,		
SIDEBOARDS,		
WARDROBES,		
EXTENSION TABLES,		
CENTER TABLES.		

RINCK & CO.,

EIGHTH STREET.

HOLLAND, MICH.



MUSIC HOUSE

—OF—
H. MEYER & CO.,

RIVER ST., HOLLAND, MICH.

Prices the Lowest!
Satisfaction Guaranteed!
Terms to Suit Purchasers!
OLD PIANOS OR ORGANS TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.
MUSICAL GOODS OF ALL KINDS.
ALL THE BEST MAKES OF
SEWING MACHINES
KEPT IN STOCK.

HORSES

Should have their feet well cared for.

We have for years made

HORSESHOEING

A SPECIALTY

And the owners of trotters in this vicinity can testify to our work.

Special attention also given to lameness and diseases of the foot.

R. Westveld,

HORSESHOER AND FARRIER
River St., Holland.

New Stock

I have just received a splendid stock of

Glassware,
Porcelain,
Crockery,
Lamps, Flower Pots,
&c., &c., &c.

You will find my place headquarters for the

Finest Goods
at Low Prices.

PAUL A. STEKETEE

Eight Street, Opp. Notler & Ver Schure,
HOLLAND, MICH.

WE TALK
OF
COURSE

ABOUT
CLOCKS

—AND—

WATCHES.

BECAUSE WE SHOW THE

LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT
IN THE CITY.

And sell at a very small profit.

A FULL LINE OF
RINGS, DIAMONDS
AND OTHER JEWELRY.

Our stock of Silverware we are selling at almost cost.

If you have a watch or clock that needs repairing we will do it for you satisfactorily.

Otto Breyman & Son
Cor. Eighth and Market.

CHICAGO MAY 15, 1892.

& WEST MICHIGAN RY.

TRAINS LEAVE HOLLAND.

	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
For Grand Rapids	5:10	9:55	12:20	4:25
For Chicago	5:10	9:55	12:20	4:25
For Muskegon	5:20	9:55	12:20	4:35
For Allegan	5:30	9:55	12:20	4:45
For Pentwater	5:30	9:55	12:20	4:55
For Ludington	5:40	9:55	12:20	5:05
For Traverse City	5:50	9:55	12:20	5:15
For Big Rapids	5:50	9:55	12:20	5:25

TRAINS ARRIVE AT HOLLAND.

	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
From Grand Rapids	9:55	12:45	6:25	9:30
From Chicago	9:55	12:45	6:25	9:30
From Muskegon	9:45	12:35	6:15	9:20
From Allegan	9:35	12:25	6:05	9:10
From Ludington	9:25	12:15	5:55	9:00
From Traverse City	9:15	12:05	5:45	8:50
From Big Rapids	9:05	11:55	5:35	8:40

*Daily. Other trains daily except Sunday.

9:55 and 2:20 train for Allegan connects for Toledo.

Connections in Union Depot at Grand Rapids with the Detroit, Lansing & Northern R. R.

Wagner Palace Sleeping Cars on night trains to and from Chicago.

Wagner Palace Buffet Cars on day trains to and from Chicago; 9:55 a. m. train from Holland has free chair car to Chicago.

Tickets to all points in the United States and Canada.

DETROIT, LANSING & NORTHERN.

	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Leave Grand Rapids	6:05	10:00	12:00	4:40
Arrive at Grand Rapids	6:05	10:00	12:00	4:40
Arrive at Lansing	6:15	10:10	12:10	4:50
Arrive at Detroit	6:25	10:20	12:20	5:00

6:25 a. m. train runs through to Detroit with parlor car seats 25 cents.

1:00 p. m. and 5:40 p. m. run through to Detroit with parlor car seats 25 cents.

GEO. DE HAVEN,
Gen. Passenger Agent, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Shirts Made to Order

Leave orders with
D. J. Sluyter at
Wm. Brusse & Co's.

Also agent for a first-class
Steam Dye Works
of Grand Rapids.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

HOUSE FOR SALE!

I will sell a nicely located lot, with a nice house, at a bargain. Fifty or one hundred dollars required as first payment, balance in monthly payments of \$5, \$8, or \$10—as purchaser wishes. This is a first-class chance to get more than full value for your money, and on very easy terms. Call at once if you want to take advantage of this bargain.

W. C. WALSH.

Also one of the nicest located corner lots in the city for \$450. Other lots from \$125 to \$250; easy terms.

RIVER STREET BOTTLING WORKS

C. BLOM, SR., Prop'r.

BOTTLED BEER

At the following prices:

Quarts, per doz. \$1.00
Pints, " " .50
Single Bottles not Sold

EXPORT

Quarts, per doz. \$1.00

Free delivery inside city limits.

First door north of Rosebud Sample Rooms, River Street, Holland, Mich.

WANTED.

STAVE BOLTS!

We want all the good stave bolts that you can bring us, delivered at the old Fitter factory. Elm bolts preferred. Inquire of

NOTLER & VER SCHURE
Eighth Street, Holland, Mich.

The fan drill given at the Y. W. C. A. entertainment was photographed by artist Payne. The pictures are excellent and are for sale at the gallery.

SMOKE THE WEST MICHIGAN CIGAR.

A UNION MADE ARTICLE.

The "West Michigan" is as fine a nickel cigar as there is in the market. Try them.

W. C. COVEY, V. S.

HUDSONVILLE, MICH.,

Specialist in Delicate Operations

—IN—

VETERINARY : SURGERY.

RIDGLINGS CASTRATED.

TERMS REASONABLE.

Bargains!

DO YOU WANT A

Buggy, Road Wagon,
Road Cart,

OR VEHICLE OF ANY KIND?

Purchase where you can do the best and get the best article for the least money. That is just what we are doing. If you want a Wagon, light or heavy, see our stock. We are manufacturing them daily and will be pleased to have you examine our goods. If we do not have on hand what you want we can make it for you on short notice and guarantee all work and material.

We also manufacture Spring or Delivery Wagons when desired.

In connection with the above we are doing general Blacksmithing, Horse-shoeing, Jobbing and Repairing in wood and metal.

Thanking our patrons for past favors, we solicit a share of your patronage.

JAMES KOLE.

North River St., Holland, Mich.

HOLLAND Real Estate EXCHANGE.

J. C. POST, - MANAGER.

If you want to buy, sell or rent a House, Lot or Farm, call on or address us.

I can sell you a new house for a payment of \$100 down and balance of purchase price at \$8 per month.

Lots for sale at \$25 down and balance at \$25 per year with 6 per cent interest.

Farms in Dakota, Kansas and Michigan, all on easy terms and low prices.

NEWSPAPER AGENCY.

REDUCED RATES

On all Periodicals. Leave your orders for any publication in the United States or Canada, at the Post-office, Holland

C. DE KEYZER.

MONEY TO LOAN!

The Ottawa County Building and Loan Association, has

ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS AND UPWARDS

to loan to members every alternate Saturday, at half past eight o'clock p. m., at office in Kanter's Block.

ONLY REAL ESTATE SECURITY WILL BE ACCEPTED.

Office open every Monday, Friday and Saturday. For further particulars apply to the Secretary.

By order of the board.
C. A. STEVENSON, Secretary.
Holland Mich., Jan. 1892.

FOR PROFIT
At the Grand Rapids, Mich., BUSINESS COLLEGE.
Enclose stamp for catalogue
Address A. S. PARRISH, Prop'r.

ODDS AND ENDS.

He truly wins who wins by judgment. Early successes should be taken soberly and thoughtfully.

The ugly temper of a pretty woman always shows through.

Apply equal parts of lime water, olive oil and glycerin to burns.

It is only the first baby that takes up the whole of a woman's time.

We probably should never want to see ourselves as others see us the second time.

The original name of Brooklyn is said to have been Breuckelen, from a village in Holland.

Some men who put the most money in the missionary box put the most sand in their sugar.

A "whaleback" steamer, 500 feet long, to carry passengers, will be built for the World's fair.

A celebrated French chef is said to have the art of serving eggs in 500 different styles.

A miser grows rich by seeming poor; an extravagant man grows poor by seeming rich.

A new broom sweeps clean in politics as elsewhere. The dust is not accumulated until later.

There are now 18,714 newspapers published in the United States, of which 1,759 are dailies.

Bismarck, when at Heidelberg, spent a vacation in canvassing for one of Blumenbach's handbooks.

Clean white sheepskin rugs by scrubbing with castile soap and water, drying thoroughly in the sun.

Out of the 340,000 domestic servants in London it is estimated that 10,000 are always out of employment.

One of the London theaters admits free to the performances all soldiers and sailors who come in uniform.

A new lining for bearings is reported from Germany as composed of a compressed vegetable parchment.

A Gardiner (Me.) clergyman has adopted the plan of letting his congregation pick out the texts for his sermons.

The advertising sign seen the most frequently in London is that of an aerated bread. It seems to have the bulge even on soaps.

The Falls of the Arno, at Tivoli, are to be utilized for the lighting of Rome. The current will be carried across the Campagna for sixteen miles and transformed into currents of lower pressure for the service of public and private buildings.

A Bootblack with Feelings.

Two men stood on a thirty-third street corner chatting. One, having his boots blacked while the other, who had but one leg, was trying to keep a poor cigar burning. When the ragged little bootblack had got through with the one and collected a nickel he tapped the box smartly with his brush and looked up at the one legged man:

"Shine 'em up, sir?"

"Why, I've only got one foot, young chap."

"Shine it up, sir?"

"Well, I don't know—you charge a nickel for two feet, I s'pose you'll do mine for two and a half cents, eh?"

"Yes," said the boy, "if you'll furnish the change." He went industriously to work polishing up the lonely foot, while the two men continued joking. The one legged man was telling the other fellow about leaving his leg on the slope of Lookout mountain. He had pulled out a ten cent piece mechanically as he talked, and the boy was a long time on the job. When the lad had put an extra fine polish on the broad bottomed shoe the one legged customer cheerily tendered the dime.

"I always pay double," said he, laughing patronizingly, "on account of the wear and tear on the boy's feelings."

"An' I allus don't take nothin'," retorted the dirty little fellow, shouldering his box with the conventional swing.

"My grandpa left a leg in the war, an' I don't take nothin' for a one leg job, see—on account o' de wear an' tear on me feelings—see?" he added slyly.

And he swaggered away with an air of independence that struck the two men speechless with amazement.—New York Herald.

He Can Whistle.

One of the smallest and apparently most helpless newsboys in the great number of children seen about Printing House square who are prematurely forced into the struggle for money has a gift which serves in some degree to compensate him for his deficiencies of physical outfit. He has learned to whistle through his fingers, if not sweetly, so loudly and shrilly as to be a curiosity.

He is known to most of the newspaper reporters, and he often appears where a number are gathered and is pretty sure to be asked for an exhibition of his accomplishment. He shows little artistic pleasure in his performance, but with his commercial spirit precociously developed puts his fingers in his mouth with a perfectly impassive countenance.

When asked to whistle, he usually takes the precaution of saying, "Ask the boss," for his piercing, fife-like notes have often caused his rough ejection from public buildings. He is sometimes subdued by a vindictive reporter, who feels he has been unjustly treated, to whistle his shrillest under the window of an offending municipal office holder.

He is a pitiful little figure, and is generally well rewarded with small coin.—New York Times.

Difficult.

An aged Baptist elder, who was noted for his intellectual vigor, was conversing one evening with a number of the brethren when the subject of old age was touched upon. One of his friends ventured to ask if he found that his increasing years had in any way impaired his memory.

The good old man pondered for awhile, and then replied, "Well, I can not at the present moment remember anything that I have ever forgotten."—Harper's Bazar.

Cleaning Bottles.

Eggshells are nice to clean bottles or cruets, also little bits of raw potato and soapuds. Shake well, then rinse several times.—Exchange.

SELECTIONS

DODGING JURY DUTY.

The Methodical Habits of a Traveler Sustain His Explanations.

Among the jurors in Justice Cullen's court on Tuesday was a well built man, who looked youthful in spite of his silvery gray hair and mustache. He had been summoned to appear in court that day, but had not yet been called when the reporter met him.

"I wonder," he said, "whether I will really be made a juror this time? I have been dodging jury service every year since I came to Brooklyn to live, twenty-eight years ago."

"That is a frank confession."

"Oh, but I didn't know anything about it at any time until it was too late. You see, I go traveling every winter through the southern states, and by some strange chance the subpoena server always visited my house after I had started. There being nobody at home, his subpoena lay in the hall where he put it, until my return. Then I would go down to the commissioner of jurors and explain."

"Did he always accept your explanation readily?"

"No, but fortunately I am methodical, and I carry constantly the statement of my whereabouts for a year past. I travel for pleasure, and I have plenty of time to keep a record of my movements. I put down every day while traveling the name of the place and hotel at which I am stopping. I do that for a double reason, but the most important is that it enables me to keep track of the hotels. For instance, say that I go to a city in Texas and put up at Brown's hotel. I find the accommodation is beastly. I note that fact. The next time I go there I will try Smith's, and I will keep on changing until I find the best. Then, too, whenever I find a room in a hotel that suits me particularly I note that."

"The result of that practice is that I know now the right rooms in the right hotels in nearly all the large cities of the south. When a friend of mine tells me he is going to a certain city in Georgia, I refer to my diary and tell him to apply for room 17 at Robinson's hotel. 'If you can't get that room,' I say, 'get one like it. It will please you.'"

"Now, as to this jury business. The officials usually look doubtful when I tell them I was out of town. Then I refer to my diary and say, 'If you will write to Brown's hotel, Fort Worth, you will find that I occupied room 6 on the day your subpoena reached my house.' Then I read off the other places I was at for a week thereafter, and by that time they are convinced. That I should finally be caught strikes me as amusing."

Half an hour later he was in the jury box listening intently while the merits of a suit for damages against a property owner were being revealed by opposing counsel.—New York Sun.

Tabby Whipped an Alligator.

A house cat belonging to Mr. Walton was in the habit of going to the river and feeding on mussels and such fish as it could get, and it was noticed several times that when the cat moved along the bank a ripple in the water showed that an alligator kept pace with it in the water. The cat, however, was aware of the alligator's presence, but showed no signs of fear.

One day the cat approached too near the water in its eagerness to get a fish and was grasped by the hind legs by an alligator about three feet long. The cat made a spring and got away, but its leg was bitten badly and bled freely. The taste of blood seemed to put the alligator into a frenzy, for it came out on the bank and continued the pursuit. The cat turned on its enemy, and then began one of the fiercest fights seen in a long time. The cat was so quick that it was impossible for the alligator to get a bite at it, and the result was that the saurian soon endeavored to beat a retreat to the water.

But the cat now began an offensive attack and cut off the way, biting the alligator in the throat and tender spots under the arms until the reptile was bleeding and almost exhausted. The fight continued, and when at last the alligator gave up it was bleeding from a hundred wounds. The cat was seemingly unhurt, except in the wounded leg, which was injured before the fight began.—Vernon (Fla.) Cor. St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Saving Money on Sixty Cents a Day.

Out of what trifles does poverty contrive to extract a living. A decently dressed man, with one arm, sold me some fuses at a cent a box yesterday. I asked him what he made on them, and he told me that he cleared two cents on every five boxes. He sold from 100 to 150 boxes a day. "And can you live on this?" I asked. "Yes, sir," said he, cheerfully. "I hire a room for one dollar a week and cook for myself. I live and save money. I've got a savings bank account, and please God I'll have a stand next winter if I can get a permit."

And he showed me a bankbook with a credit for fifty odd dollars in it—fifty odd dollars filched from his actual necessities out of an income never greater than sixty cents a day!—New York Cor. Pittsburg Bulletin.

Photographing Hunters' Lies.

At length an ingenious inventor has devised a means of putting to the test sportsmen's tall stories. The idea is to place a small camera on the barrel of the gun, the shutter of which is arranged to work simultaneously with the action of the trigger. Every bird will now be able to tell his own posthumous tale or to present a graphic picture of a happy deliverance.—New York Journal.

Cleaning Bottles.

Eggshells are nice to clean bottles or cruets, also little bits of raw potato and soapuds. Shake well, then rinse several times.—Exchange.

HUMOR

THE TRIUMPH WAS HER'S.

When She Had Made Herself Beautiful the Firemen Carried Her Down.

She looked very bewitching, standing there before the mirror, in her ball dress of soft, white, clinging stuff. A lovely woman was she, and the stoniest of cynics could not blame her for smiling in admiration of her own beauty reflected back to her in the polished glass. As she lingered thus there was a sudden movement of feet in the hall below. She listened.

"Charley mustn't get impatient," she murmured. "I shall not be ready any sooner."

With a puff in hand she was enhancing by a deft touch here and there the alabaster whiteness of the glorious complexion. A knock sounded at the door.

"In a minute," she sweetly observed. "Tell Charley I'll be ready in just a minute."

She was plying the puff with the most engaging deliberation. The knock was repeated louder than before.

"Run for your life!" roared a rough voice through the keyhole; "the house is on fire!"

She was looking archly over her shoulders to gain a side view of her queenly figure.

"In a minute," she softly replied. One of the golden tresses had escaped from the restraining pins and hung mockingly beside the shell-like ear.

"Dear me," she exclaimed petulantly, "it does seem as if something must be wrong all the time."

In readjusting her coiffure she dislodged some of the powder from her glorious cheek.

"Plague take it! I shan't!" "Fire! Fire!" rang the distracted shouts through the whole house.

"In a minute, I say. I do wish they would be a little more patient."

Presently the damask of the fair countenance was restored.

The trouble with the American who makes tin-plate seems to be that he wants to eat off a silver plate at the expense of his workmen, who use the tin ones.

By improving the country roads according to an intelligent system taxes will be increased slightly but the accruing profits from the reform will pay them twenty times over, besides good roads would make a magnificent legacy for posterity.

A tax upon large incomes is needed to relieve the necessities of life of the taxes that now not only enhance the cost of living but give opportunity for monopoly and oppression. It is the fairest of all taxes and the one best tending to relieve pressure where pressure is least easily borne. Revenue should be drawn from wealth, not from want.—New York World.

It is not only possible after all, but very probable, that Harrison may be nominated in spite of the Blaine flurry. But it will be no easy task for the men who are backing Blaine because they are disgusted with Harrison to support the latter. They are most of them men, too, who were very largely instrumental in securing Harrison's success four years ago—in securing, that is to say, the funds which gave him success.

There is no question before the public today which so intimately concerns the prosperity of the farmer as the country road question. Good roads mean fewer abandoned farms, fewer mortgaged farms and fewer unprofitable farms. Bad roads mean a continuation of the present disheartening condition, which, so long as it continues at all, will grow worse. The farmers' slough of despond is formed by the mud in the roads between him and his market.

In 1884 Cleveland defeated Blaine in the presidential race, and that, too, at a time when the former was but little known, while the latter was at the height of his popularity. Since that time Cleveland and the great principles he so thoroughly represents have been continually gaining new friends. On the other hand the only thing Blaine has done since his defeat to particularly attract public attention is his attempt to climb onto Cleveland's platform by the ladder reciprocity.

There seems to be quite a demand throughout the country for rural free mail delivery. Every one knows this system would not be self sustaining within millions of dollars per year, and that the citizens of the country would have to go right down in their pockets to make up the deficiency and as the farmers pay their full share of the taxes we do not believe the system would be popular with them when they understand the situation. Every penny the government spends come out of the pockets of the people and that fact should be kept in mind.

The course taken by certain parties in injunction to restrain the by issuing an common council from issuing bonds for the establishment of an electric light plant in this city, seems rather an unwise course to pursue. That the case will be fought in the courts is very certain, and while it can delay matters considerable, yet they can not reasonably expect to gain a final victory over the city. The common council as a body is strongly in favor of having the city own its own plant and the action taken by these parties will result in securing the hearty opposition of the common council. The will of the people was clearly shown at the election this spring and it would seem rather poor policy for a few citizens to throw the expense of a lawsuit upon the city when they know that in the end the city will win. There is no doubt but that if the question was again submitted to a vote of the people it would be carried by as large, if not larger, majority than this spring.

The Central Publishing & Engraving Co., of this city, will soon issue a work of special value and interest to Michigan Democrats. The purpose and contents of the volume are well set forth in its title. The Michigan Democrats, Its Men, Its Measures, Its Achievements.

Frederick Marvin, president of the company, said of it yesterday: "The publication of such a volume was suggested to us by a number of leading Democrats and we have taken hold of it with the chief object of producing a work in which every Michigan Democrat will have a pride, and which at the same time will be to him, the encyclopedia and history of his party in this state. While it will be a work that will be worthy of a permanent place in any man's library, it will have features especially adapted to the coming campaign. We desire to make it useful to the party as well as valuable from a historical and literary standpoint. We are assured of a first edition of 20,000 copies already."

A number of Democrats of state and national prominence are contributors to the work. Ex Gov. Alpheus Flech contributes the history of the party.—Detroit Free Press.

Proceedings of the Common Council.

HOLLAND, June 7, 1892.

The council met in regular session. H. Brock and six other freeholders of the township of Holland and Jacob Van Putten and eight other freeholders of Holland petitioned the committee of highways of the township and the common council of the city to lay out a highway on the boundary line between said township and city commencing at the southeast corner of lot thirteen (13) in block "A" in said city.

James Huntley petitioned for permission to place building material in the street at northwest corner of River and Eighth street and in Eighth street in front of east half of lot 8, block 30, between River and Market street. Request granted provided applicant complies strictly with ordinance regulating same, and that the city marshal be instructed to see to the strict enforcement of said ordinance.

A number of bills were presented and allowed.

The committee on streets and bridges to whom was referred a petition signed by the First State Bank and Boone & Williams requesting the privilege of laying a sewer from a point on Market street on the east side thereof, about 23 feet east of the center of said street, at or opposite the southwest corner of lot 8, block 36, thence running north along the east side of said Market street to the end of said street and into the marsh on the south side of Black river, together with the privilege of making connections with said sewer from buildings on said lot 8, block 36, and from buildings on lot 9, block 31, and also from the south half of block 30 in said city, the said sewer not to exceed nine inches in diameter.

The committee reported that they have had said petition under careful consideration and that they deem it absolutely necessary that some system of sewerage should be provided immediately for the buildings located upon premises described.

The committee has considered the advisability of forming this city into sewer districts and constructing public sewers; but owing to the condition of our general fund, the limited amount provided for in the last appropriation bill, the restrictions contained in the city charter, and the already high rate of taxation they concluded that it would be neither wise or feasible to take any steps toward the construction of public sewers during the present year. They therefore recommended that the petition be granted subject to certain conditions and restrictions. The report was adopted.

The committee on poor reported and recommended \$23.50 for the support of the poor for the two weeks ending June 22, 1892, and having rendered temporary aid to the amount of nine dollars. Approved.

The committee on public buildings and property reported that they have investigated the location for a lot for an engine house in the fourth ward, and recommended that lot 8, block 6, forty-five feet by seventy feet, for the sum of \$125, and lot 7, block 6, fifty-two and a-half feet by one hundred and twenty-eight feet for the sum of \$225, both parcels in the southwest addition to the city, be purchased. They also recommended that the mayor and clerk be authorized to purchase the above described lots provided that they find clear titles of the same. The report was laid upon the table.

The mayor reported injunction and bill of complaint against the city of Holland relative to the electric light matter. The case was placed in the hands of the city attorney with instructions to appear in behalf of the city and common council.

Peter Winter and Geert Winter were appointed engineers of the water works at a salary same as last year. John Kramer was appointed superintendent of the water works. A number of claims were approved by the board of water commissioners.

R. A. Hunt paid the city \$250 as saloon license, under protest.

A resolution was adopted to build a sidewalk along the east side of River street, between North and Tenth streets and that the owners of the lots and lands adjoining said proposed sidewalk be and are hereby ordered to construct said sidewalk within 35 days from the time of the service upon them of a notice of this order. It was further resolved that the street commissioner be directed to construct a crosswalk across Tenth street and across Twelfth street east of River street and that the cost thereof be paid from the general fund of the city.

A resolution was also passed that the city marshal be directed to give notice to all persons using the public streets for storing lumber and other building material without the consent of the common council to at once remove the same from such streets and to hereafter keep such streets clear from such obstructions.

It was also resolved to expend \$10 for the improving of Sixteenth street east of Land street and \$25 for improving Sixteenth street between Land St. and the R. R. crossing, the township to expend like amounts.

Council adjourned to June 14, 1892.

Geo. Wash. Pierce of Fishtown has a hen which has laid 146 eggs since the 15th of last January. This is a record of an egg a day and six over so that on six of these days the hen has done double duty. G.W. cackle-lates this is something to crow about.

The weathers continues most favorable for fruit prospects and the first of June never gave promise for such a large yield of peaches as it does this year. The young peaches are now formed and are about the size of peas and some even larger. The apple crop also promises to be the largest for some years past.

Dr. R. D. Parker of S. Joseph had a chance to sell ninety acres on the flats south of Benton Harbor for the enormous sum of \$45,000. But when it came to signing the deed the doctor's wife put her foot down and announced the sale was off. The land was wanted by the new racing association for a milc track, and the good woman says point blank that horse racing is demoralizing and that she will never be party to the establishment of such a place of amusement.

For pure Linseed Oils, Varnishes and painter's supplies generally, go to Dr. Van Putten's drug store. Brushes a specialty, cheap.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

NEWS OF THE STATE

Breedy Bits of Gossip of Interest to All Our Readers.

On Nov. 16 next a checker tournament will be held at Detroit and the man who captures the \$100 prize will engage in the World's fair tournament at Chicago in 1893 free of all personal expense.

The Wheeler shipyards at West Bay city will build a powerful steel tug 116 feet in length for the Nicaragua Canal company. She will be driven by a triple expansion engine of 700 horsepower.

Ralfje Jansen claims that Sheriff McQueen of Grand Rapids levied on his earthly possessions in an illegal manner and therefore asks for damages for \$10,000.

George Evans, a Cass county citizen, caught a turtle upon the back of which somebody had inscribed the following: "L. H., 1893."

James H. Campbell is the name of a Muskegon man who makes daily use of a pair of steel yards that were built in 1790.

Sheep owners in Van Buren county are tired of having their flocks decimated by dogs and will offer a bounty on the scalps of the sheep-killing canines.

Pontiac Baptists are in the swim for a new \$30,000 church edifice. Marcellus churches joined forces in a revival effort with a net result of 100 converts.

Mrs. Alfred Nye, a Hudson lady, became mentally unbalanced and cremated the henhouse. The barns adjoining were saved by hard work.

Freddie Ellis, a Grand Rapids boy of 4 seasons, died recently, and an autopsy showed that his heart was located on the right instead of the left side of his body.

The last statement of the Michigan weather bureau indicates a good crop prospect, especially hay and fruit.

C. F. Underhill, accused of forgery in connection with graveyard insurance in this state, has been convicted in a New York court.

Train dispatchers on the Michigan Central system will be isolated hereafter while on duty, and will not be allowed to converse with anyone, not even by telephone.

For the past twelve years Rev. W. B. Williams has filled the position of financial agent for Olivet college with such success that he probably has a cinch on the job as long as he may care to retain it.

Alexander Gravitt, the Kent county citizen who sued for \$10,000 damages because of injuries received by reason of a defective bridge, has been awarded \$1,800 by a Grand Rapids jury.

One of Jackson's business men has faded from view. No known reason for his disappearance as he left a good business with no debts.

A Mexican cactus containing more than 100,000 blossoms is owned by a Bay City citizen.

The Grand Haven Match factory has begun operations and a Pennsylvania firm offers to take five carloads of the little lucifers per week.

A Marlette man has been sued \$5,000 worth on a charge of furnishing a toper strong drink after the latter's wife had forbidden it.

Coleman may not become depopulated, but twenty-seven of her people moved away in a single day.

A. S. Loff is a Frankfort man who inhaled so much Paris green while repacking a quantity of the stuff that fatal results were narrowly averted.

Frank Ives, the billiard champion, will be presented with a gold-headed cane by Plainwell people. Frank was a former Plainwell boy.

Diphtheria has invaded Clio to such an extent that the schools have all been closed.

Ex-Governor Luce made the memorial day address at Coldwater. The procession which marched to the cemetery was more than a mile in length.

This state is the present theatre of operations of a traveling evangelist who replenishes the evangelistic exchequer by selling California real estate on the side.

Thomas Atkinson dug beneath the floor of his deceased father-in-law's shop at Midland and found a box containing a large amount of gold coin. Who is was that buried the treasure, or when it was planted is not known.

Sigel, Huron county, is being agitated by a gathering of Latter Day Saints. More than 100 tons of fish have been shipped to the city markets the past month by the Sand Beach fishermen.

Somebody at Bad Axe owns a clock which has ticked the seconds for the past 100 years. Just now the timepiece is taking a vacation at a local repair shop.

The Warren Ciger company, which emigrated to Saginaw last season, has returned to Flint and will probably not be tempted away from home again—not even by a bonus.

Half a million paper boxes were recently received by the Richardson Silk company at Belding.

William and Mrs. DeVisser, Kalamazoo people, have just celebrated their golden wedding. Events of this kind have not been very numerous in Michigan of late.

A Cleveland firm has placed a single order with the Maxon Manufacturing company of Union City for ten carloads of barrel hoops.

More than 1,000 arrests were made by the police force at Jackson the past year.

'Tis thought that a decision on the Miner electoral law will be reached by the state supreme court about the middle of present month.

Albert S. French, founder of the village of Lakeview, is dead, at the age of 63 years.

Parson Arney of the Saranac M. E. church is succeeded by Rev. A. P. Moore, a former presiding elder of the Ionia district.

Hudson people recently invested in a sewer and now they've discovered that the foot of the thing is higher than its head. The sewerage persistly refuses to run uphill.

Miss Lilly Campbell conducts an agricultural implement store for her Bad Axe father, filling both positions of salesman and collector, and doing it well.

Lake Odessa is the home of a man who kindly consented to care for the baby while his wife split wood in a heavy rain storm.

Saginaw wants better drinking water and will sink six deep wells in the hope of being able to gratify the desire. Grand Rapids capitalists have been invited to take \$30,000 worth of stock in a factory to make shears, with a daily capacity of 600 pairs of cloth cutters.

The May salt inspection shows 385,000 barrels produced in the state during the month of flowers. Manistee county heads the list with 171,256 barrels, being nearly three times that of Bay county, the next largest producing section.

The Port Huron tunnel was flooded by a heavy rain the past week, interrupting Grand Trunk travel for a brief season. Lenawee county has been the home of George W. Goodrich, a Clinton citizen, ever since his advent upon the earth, he being the first white child born in that bailiwick.

The scheme for building a railway from Ludington to Big Rapids is taking definite shape, the organization having chosen a full board of directors.

The famous "electric sugar" case, in which Mrs. Olive E. Friend was made defendant in the Ann Arbor circuit court, has been decided in favor of Mrs. Friend. That lady seems to have been more fortunate than the stockholders of the company, and retains valuable possessions at Milan by this decision.

John Thomas of Dorr thought he saw a fox run under a hay stack. His excitement soon attracted a large crowd armed with guns, revolvers pitchforks, clubs, etc, who proposed to capture reynard. One man looked under the stack and saw, as he thought, the animal, and said it was a large black one. He shot at it and when the smoke cleared away the men saw running across the field their fox—a large yellow cat.

Photographer Payne took a picture of the pole drill at the Y. W. C. A. entertainment and it is a decided success. Go to the gallery and buy one.

LOCAL MARKETS.

Prices Paid to Farmers. PRODUCE.

Butter, per lb.13
Eggs, per doz.13
Dried Apples, per lb.06
Potatoes, per bu.25
Beans, per bu.1.00 to 1.25
Beans, hand picked, per bu.1.15 to 1.25

GRAIN.
Wheat, per bu.88
Oats, per bu.38
Corn, per bu.54
Barley, per 1001.00
Buckwheat, per bu.05
Rye, per bu.05
Clover Seed, per bu.0.50

BEEF, PORK, ETC.
Hams, smoked, per lb.07 to .08
Shoulders, smoked, per lb.06½ to .06¾
Chickens, dressed, per lb.09 to .10
Chickens, live, per lb.07 to .08
Turkey, dressed, per lb.10
Turkey, live, per lb.07 to .08
Tallow, per lb.04
Lard, per lb.07½
Beef, dressed, per lb.04 to .05
Pork, dressed, per lb.05½
Mutton, dressed, per lb.08
Veal, per lb.03 to .05

WOOD AND COAL.
Price to consumers.
Dry Beach, per cord2.40
Dry Hard Maple, per cord2.25
Green Beach per cord1.00
Hard Coal, per ton7.00
Soft Coal, per ton4.00

FLOUR AND FEED.
Price to consumers
Hay, per ton, mixed, 80, timothy\$10.00
Flour, "Sunlight," patent, per barrel5.20
Flour "Daisy," straight, per barrel4.80
Ground Feed 4.20 per hundred, 23.00 per ton.
Corn Meal, unbolted, 1.20 per hundred, 23.00 per ton.
Corn Meal, bolted, 3.00 per barrel.
Middlings, .00 per hundred, 17.00 per ton.
 bran, .80 per hundred, 15.00 per ton.
 Linseed Meal, 1.40 per hundred.

Chicago.

Following were the quotations on the board of trade today: Wheat—June, opened 84½¢, closed 84½¢; July, opened 84½¢, closed 84½¢; September, opened 84½¢, closed 84½¢; Corn—June, opened 50½¢, closed 50½¢; July, opened 49½¢, closed 49½¢; September, opened 49½¢, closed 49½¢; Oats—June, opened 35½¢, closed 35½¢; July, opened 35½¢, closed 35½¢; September, opened 35½¢, closed 35½¢; Pork—June, opened 10½¢, closed 10½¢; July, opened 10½¢, closed 10½¢; September, opened 10½¢, closed 10½¢; Lard—June, opened 10½¢, closed 10½¢.

Live stock: Prices at the Union Stock yards today ranged as follows: Hogs—Market active and 10¢ higher; sales ranged at \$3.95 @ 4.60 pigs, \$1.35 @ 1.80 light, \$1.30 @ 1.50 heavy packing, \$1.20 @ 1.40 mixed, \$1.00 @ 1.30 heavy packing and shipping lots.

Cattle—Market active and prices firm; quotations ranged at \$4.30 @ 4.80 choice to extra shipping steers, \$3.95 @ 4.30 good to choice do, \$3.70 @ 4.10 fair to good, \$3.40 @ 3.80 common to medium do, \$3.00 @ 3.70 butchers' steers, \$2.00 @ 2.50 stockers, \$2.00 @ 2.50 Texas steers, \$3.40 @ 4.00 feeders, \$1.50 @ 2.00 cows, \$2.00 @ 3.50 bulls and \$2.00 @ 2.50 yearling calves.

Sheep—Market fairly active and prices steady; quotations ranged at \$4.00 @ 6.00 westerns, \$4.70 @ 6.40 natives, and \$3.40 @ 5.50 Texas, and \$5.65 @ 7.80 lambs.

Produce: Butter—Fancy separator, 17¢ @ 18¢ per lb; fine creameries, 15¢ @ 16¢; dairies, fancy, fresh, 12¢ @ 15¢; No. 1 dairies, 14¢ @ 15¢; packing stock, fresh, 1¢. Eggs—15¢ @ 15½¢ per doz., loss off. Live poultry—Chickens, 12¢ per lb; spring, 12¢ @ 13¢; roosters, 6¢; ducks, 10¢ @ 11¢; turkeys, choice hens, 12¢; young, 12¢ @ 15¢; old gobblers, 10¢ @ 11¢; geese, \$3.00 @ 5.00 per doz. Potatoes—Burbank, 55¢ @ 60¢ per bu; Hebron, 43¢ @ 45¢; Rose, 45¢ @ 50¢; Peerless, 45¢ @ 50¢; common to poor mixed lots, 35¢ @ 40¢. Strawberries—Illinois, 50¢ @ 75¢ per 24-qt case; Centralias, \$1.00 @ 1.50 per 24-qt case.

New York.

Wheat—No. 2 red winter cash, 84½¢; June, 84½¢; July, 84½¢; August, 84½¢; Corn—No. 2 mixed cash, 50½¢; June, 50½¢; July, 50½¢; August, 50¢. Oats—No. 2 mixed cash, 38¢; July, 37½¢; August, 36½¢. Rye—Firm but dull, 84¢ @ 85¢ for car lots. Barley—Nominal. Pork—Quiet; old mess, \$2.75 @ 3.00. Lard—Quiet; July, \$6.01; August, \$6.70. Live stock: Cattle—Market dull and no trading in beefs; dressed beef, steady; native sides, 6¼¢ @ 7¼¢ per lb. Sheep and lambs—Sheep steady; lambs dull and weak; sheep, \$4.25 @ 6.10 per 100 lbs; lambs, \$4.25 @ 5.80. Hogs—Market firmer; live hogs, \$12.50 @ 13.50.

East Buffalo.

Cattle—Seven loads on sale; nothing doing. Sheep and lambs—Five loads on sale; market quiet and prices steady; choice to fancy sheep, \$5.75 @ 6.00; choice to fancy lambs, firm, \$5.70 @ 7.25. Hogs—Forty-five loads on sale; market good; good to best Yorkers, \$4.80 @ 4.85; good to best pigs, \$4.70 @ 4.85.

Milwaukee.

Wheat—Cash, 84½¢; July, 84½¢; September, 84½¢. Barley—No. 2, 5¢; September, 62¢; samples steady. Rye—No. 1, 75¢; No. 2, 75¢. Oats—No. 2 white, 57¢; No. 3 white, 56¢. Corn—No. 3, 60¢; No. 4, 48¢.

Detroit.

Wheat—No. 2 red cash 95¢; July, 92¢; No. 1 white cash, 91¢. Corn—No. 2 cash, 56¢. Oats—No. 2 cash, 38¢.

Sakes Alive! Here's a bargain. A dozen pair of seamless socks for only one dollar at Bosman Brothers, clothiers, Eight St.

Try Cannel coal for domestic use. It is of superior quality and will give satisfaction. For sale at A. Harrington, Produce Merchant, River St., Holland.

Fly nets are almost in time. We are selling them at a bargain this spring. Come and see them at H. Vau-pell's harness shop, Eighth St., Holland.

Bargains! Household goods for sale cheap for cash. Call and examine tables, chairs, stoves and many other articles.

MRS. W. LEET. Two doors west of Dr. Kraker's shoe store.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

FIRST on the list of cheap Sunday excursions this summer via the popular Chicago & West Michigan R'y will be one to Grand Rapids next Sunday, June 12th. This will be a welcome opportunity for many to visit the city and to enjoy an afternoon's pleasure in seeing its points of interest. Train will leave Holland at 10:30 a. m., arriving at Grand Rapids at 11:30 a. m. Returning train will leave Grand Rapids at 7:30 p. m. ROUND TRIP, 50 CENTS. GEO. DE HAVEN, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Watches
RUN DOWN

To Nothing—as far as profit is concerned.

Holiday orders were too large, and we have decided to offer some

RARE BARGAINS

Ladies' Solid Gold and Filled Case

WATCHES.

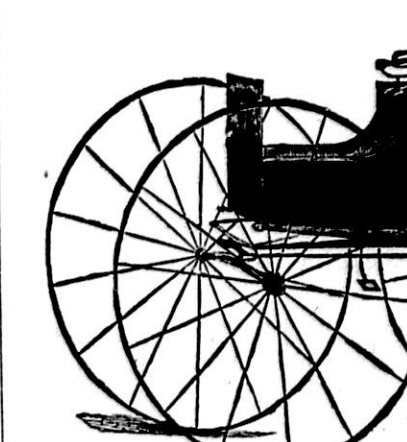
ALL SIZES AND GRADES.

Most Accurate, Durable, and Elegantly Chased

C. A. STEVENSON

Eighth Street, Holland, Mich.

WILL YOU GIVE US YOUR ATTENTION JUST A MOMENT?



WE ARE MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

Wagons and Carriages

And make it a point to have the best material in them and sell them as close as possible.

IF YOU ARE GOING TO BUILD

WE CAN FURNISH YOU

LUMBER, LATH, SHINGLES,

SASH AND DOORS

AS LOW AS ANYONE.

WE ALSO MANUFACTURE

PUMPS!

And can give you a good working and substantial one for a price as low as anywhere.

DE PREE & ELENBAAS.

ZEELAND, MICH.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

VISCHER, AREND, Attorney at Law & Notary Public. Collections promptly attended to.
DIKEMA, G. J., Attorney at Law, Office over the First State Bank.
BEACH, W. H., Commission Merchant, and dealer in Grain, Flour and Produce. Highest market price paid for wheat. Office in Brick Store, corner Eighth and Fish Streets.
BAUMGARTEL, W., Tonsorial Parlor, Eighth and Cedar Streets. Hair Dressing promptly attended to.
HOLLAND CITY STATE BANK, Capital \$50,000. Jacob Van Putten Sr., President; W. H. Beach, Vice President; C. Ver Schure, Cashier. General Banking Business.
PHINS, PETER, dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hat and Caps, Boots and Shoes, etc., Eighth Street, Opposite Schouten's Drug Store.
FAIRBANKS, L., Justice of the Peace, Notary Public and Pension Claim Agent, River St., near Tenth.
J. A. MAHRS, M. D. Office over First State Bank. Office hours, 9 to 10 a. m., 3 to 5 and 7 to 8 p. m. Residence, corner Fish and Eighth streets.

To the Musical People of Holland.

There will be a musicale on

MONDAY EVENING NEXT, JUNE 13

—AT THE—

Lyceum Opera House,

—GIVEN BY—

MISS GLAZIER

AND PUPILS,

ASSISTED BY

Edward Wynn, violinist, and W. H.

Knapp, cellist and vocalist,

"QUICK MEAL" GASOLINE STOVES.

The "QUICK MEAL" sales in 1891 amounted to 34,342 Stoves.
The "QUICK MEAL" sales since its first appearance on the market, 164,955 Stoves.
The "QUICK MEAL" is the only stove which off-ers safety against accidents.

Because the "QUICK MEAL" is the only Stove having burners that cannot be opened further than necessary.

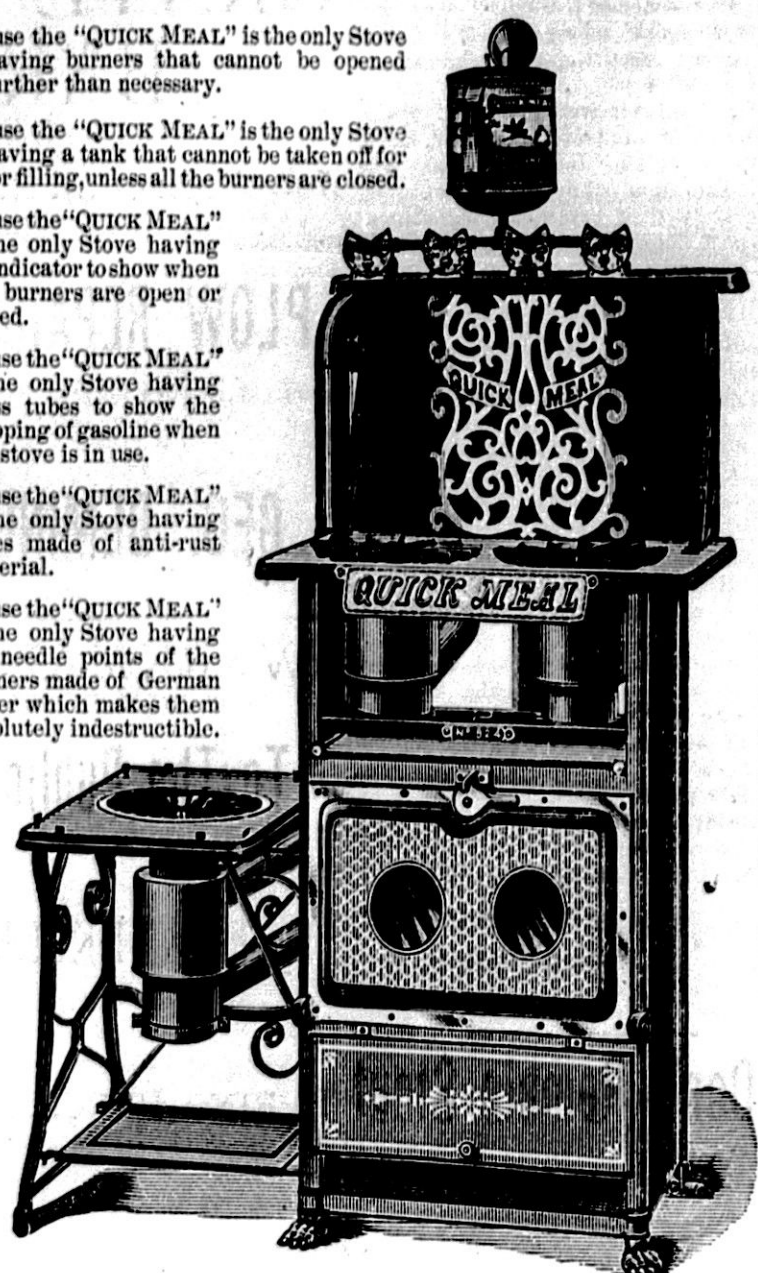
Because the "QUICK MEAL" is the only Stove having a tank that cannot be taken off for filling, unless all the burners are closed.

Because the "QUICK MEAL" is the only Stove having an indicator to show when the burners are open or closed.

Because the "QUICK MEAL" is the only Stove having glass tubes to show the dripping of gasoline when the stove is in use.

Because the "QUICK MEAL" is the only Stove having pipes made of anti-rust material.

Because the "QUICK MEAL" is the only Stove having the needle points of the burners made of German silver which makes them absolutely indestructible.



Because the "QUICK MEAL" is the only Stove having a rim on the cast iron burner tops extending over the burner drum and tubes, thus protecting them against the dripping from the cooking vessels.

FOR SALE BY
KANTERS BROS.
EIGHTH STREET, HOLLAND, MICH.

PAINTS! PAINTS!

Are you going to paint your House, Store, Barn, Kitchen Floor, or Buggy this Spring? If so, purchase your



H. W. WALSH

All goods warranted as represented. We keep Diamond Wall Finish, Alabastine, and Gypsin; in fact all articles advertised in our city papers in the Paint, Oil, Wall Finish, Patent Medicine, and drug line.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

LARD OIL, MACHINE OIL, CASTOR OIL, AND PARIS GREEN.

Family Medicines and Physicians' Prescriptions Accurately Compounded.

STOCK OF DRUGS AND MEDICINES, LARGE AND PURE.

H. WALSH, Druggist.

Wm. Brusse & Co.
CORNER CLOTHING STORE!

Gaining Patronage Every Day!

Walking Right Past All Competition!

Fine Quality, Good Fit,

AND FIRST-CLASS WORKMANSHIP,
AT LOW PRICES.

Form an irresistible combination.

Our Custom work is made to bring us more trade, and talks business for us.

We continue to handle Wilson Bro's Shirts and Underwear, for the reason that they make the best furnishing goods in this country.

There is also a very good reason for the great increase in our hat trade. The Lion Hat has become the standard and our customers have perfect confidence in it. It is always made in the latest novel shapes and we guarantee the color and wear of every hat.

CORNER CLOTHING STORE.

Wm. Brusse & Co.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Correspondence for the Times is solicited from all towns and points of interest in Ottawa and Allegan counties. Write plainly on one side of the paper only, and make the letters short. Give personal intelligence of residents and former citizens, but nothing disagreeable.
Send communications on Tuesday or Wednesday; Thursday a second letter if anything important comes up. The Times goes to press Thursday evening.
Regular correspondents are desired in localities not now represented in our columns. For particulars address,
THE TIMES,
HOLLAND, MICH.

OTTAWA COUNTY. BERLIN.

The dance at the Berlin House on Friday evening of last week was a joyful affair. About 40 couples danced until the dawn of morn. It is conceded by those present that the supper table was the best ever set in that hotel on similar occasions. We knew that the hostess Mrs. W. F. Willard would do justice to the most luxurious cater.

Married, by Rev. Father O'Connor of Grand Haven at the Roman Catholic church here on the 1th of June, Timothy Tynan of Wright and Miss Maria McMullen of Walker.

Miss Cora M. Goodenaw, principal of our school, has concluded to hold at this place a special term of school for teachers and those desiring to teach, to begin July 5th and continue for six weeks. Those desiring to attend will please communicate with her.

W. F. Willard, proprietor of the Berlin House is the owner of a number of Standard and thoroughbred horses and colts. One Standard bred colt worth \$700 is sired by Zealand Wilkes, dam by Membrino Chief. Another is sired by Nickerbocker, he by Hambletonian Ten. He also owns an imported French Percheron stallion, worth \$1500, one of the most beautiful horses in this part of the country.

John Raymond who was reported dangerously ill at Detroit, has returned home and under the care of his parents is now slowly recovering.

Miss Edna Chappell who has been teaching school at the township of Robinson is home on vacation.

What is the news? Rain, rain and rain again. A poet, singing spring in to the land, writes:

Of seed time, with its gentle winds,
Soft dews and healthful showers,
And streamlets gushing from the hills,
And birds and opening flowers.

Would the poet live now he would find the dews rather soft, the healthful showers injurious and the streamlets turned into streams. He might find birds and opening flowers, provided they have not been destroyed and washed away. Our weather clerk must certainly be off his base.

Burling Brothers are doing a splendid business at their grist mill, but could do still more if the patrons would take time to bring their grain in. The water power is at present excellent, but even if it were not so, they have steam to grind with.

We are at a loss to decide who got more wet the other day, the one who fell head foremost into the mill-pond, or the one who went home late at night from his girl in a heavy rainstorm. L. and J. may decide the question because they know best.

GRAND HAVEN.

The Grand Haven Improvement board was formally organized last Thursday evening with 124 subscribers. A board of 11 directors was chosen and every evidence given of a harmonious determined effort to develop the resources of the town. At a meeting of the board of directors, the following officers were chosen: President, Jas. P. Armstead; vice pres., H. Robbins, Jr.; treas., S. M. Wright; sec'y, Alex Hamilton.

The Daily Tribune of this city has been complimented by the receipt of a seat in the National Democratic convention.

A number of fine black bass have been caught off the piers recently but the prevailing damp weather permits of no elasticity in the matter of size, as well as cooling the ardor of fishermen.

The Park Dramatic club gave a fine performance of the popular drama "Above the Clouds" at the opera house Friday evening last (3rd) repeating the performance on Saturday evening. The proceeds were devoted to the Pavilion fund.

About 60 friends of Capt. and Mrs. Thos. Mansfield surprised them at the hotel on Monday evening. The occasion was the 45th birthday of Thos. Mansfield. The much surprised couple were made the recipients of a handsome rocker after which a light collation was served. The party broke up wishing them many happy returns of the day.

A party of young people went up to the blast furnace Tuesday evening.

DENNISON.

County Clerk White and wife, of Grand Haven, visited friends in this vicinity last week.

E. G. Cooney closed a very successful term of school at Nunica last week Friday and concluded the program with a fine entertainment on Saturday evening. The ladies served ice-cream and lunch after the entertainment. We hear very complimentary reports of the school conducted by Mr. Cooney. He is a very thorough and efficient teacher. School is progressing finely as every one was sure it would, with Lizzie McCarty as teacher.

Mr. C. L. Brown, postal clerk of Detroit, called on friends and relatives here last week.

New goods—Groceries and dry goods are constantly arriving at S. A. McLellan's, where the highest market price is paid for butter and eggs.

"Man's work is from sun to sun, but a woman's work is never done," is clearly manifested these days of storms and sunshine, as the husband takes his rod and goes fishing and his wife remains at home to clean house and have supper ready for the return of his lordship.

NEW HOLLAND.

John Meeuwse has a fine bay colt sired by Roy Medium, owned by C. Boone of Zeeland. Roy Medium has acquired an enviable reputation amongst horse breeders for the fine blood lines shown.

The large new store which is being built by Nienhuis Bros. is assuming proportions. They have built up a splendid trade and are constantly adding to their patronage.

NEW HOLLAND.

Next Tuesday afternoon, June 14th, Rev. A. Stegeman will be installed as minister of the Ref. church at this place.

Last week Miss Christina J. Brouwer left with the boat for Chicago. She-

ports as having enjoyed her trip across the lake much more than her cousin Hattie Ten Have who was a passenger on the ill-fated steamer Kalamazoo.

Morris Luidens and Agnes Van Arendonk left for the west. The former went to his brother in Sioux Falls, and the latter to her sister in Highmore, S. Dak. The evening before Mr. Luidens departed his young friends came to bid him farewell and presented him with a handsome bible.

The Y. M. C. A. have recently placed two new lamps in the church, one near the organ and the other near the pulpit so that there will be no more darkness for either organist or preacher.

Rev. J. Mann of South Olive received a call of the Chr. Ref. church of Overisel.

NOORDELOOS.

It no longer rains, it pours.

K. Kimmie and daughter Mary have gone on a trip to Milwaukee.

P. Remers of Grand Rapids was here Sunday. Although unexpected he was very welcome to a certain somebody.

F. Heyboer spent Monday and Tuesday in Grand Rapids on business.

Miss Johanna Rosbach has ended her vacation and returned to Grand Rapids. All parties, entertainments etc. are ordered discontinued until after the closing exercises of the singing and spelling union, June 16.

Tuesday last William De Boer was brought before Justice Schilleman to answer a complaint of assault and battery brought by Bouke Martine. De Boer entered a plea of "not guilty" and gave bail for his appearance. June 15 was fixed as the day of trial. Both parties reside in Borculo.

ALLEGAN COUNTY. GRAAFSCHAP.

Showers still continue at frequent intervals; taken all in all the prospect does not look over bright for the farmer this year.

Gerrit Tinholt had an oddity last week in the shape of a chicken with four legs, which lived forty-eight hours.

Subscription lists are being circulated for the benefit of Mrs. B. J. Alferink.

Rev. J. Riemersma of Zeeland preached at the Chr. Ref. church Monday forenoon.

A twelve-pound boy arrived at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. Schrottenboer last Sunday morning.

A brother of Peter Neven arrived here from the Netherlands.

Work will shortly be commenced on the addition to Rutgers and Tien's store.

Have you been fishing? is a question heard on all sides now-a-days.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter VerLee have been visiting in Zeeland this week.

GANGES.

Last Thursday evening was one of great excitement in district No. 11, Ganges. The patrons of the district met to raise the pole for the school flag. After getting the hole dug and the director not appearing with the pole as he had promised, but sending word that if they wanted the pole to come and get it. Accordingly at about nine o'clock the boys did as the director had said, carrying the pole about a mile on their shoulders, and finding the director's cow tied to it they brought her along also, they raised the pole leaving the cow tied to it. Next morning the director missing pole and cow, turned his wondering gaze toward the school house and beheld the pole and cow, so taking his ax on his shoulder he marched with rapid strides toward the school grounds, "and with well directed blows cut the pole, and down it goes." The members of the district on hearing of the deed were highly incensed, and at 1 p. m. again assembled to raise the pole. At 2 p. m. the stars and stripes were floating over the heads of the enthusiastic members. In the evening all assembled once more to hear the entertainment given by the children, which began at 8:30 o'clock by a welcome song by the school, followed by many recitations, dialogues, tableaux, etc. One of the most amusing features of the evening was a tableaux representing the director cutting down the flag pole, this was followed by loud applause, the entertainment was then closed by singing the national hymn. The proceeds which were \$10.17 were used to purchase the flag.—Douglas Record.

ZEELAND.

Mr. and Mrs. P. VerLee of Graafschap are visiting their son, Isaac, this week.

Mrs. Wm. De Pree has gone to Muskegon to visit her brother, Rev. Wm. Moerdyke.

H. De Kruij, Jr., is still confined to the house with a sprained ankle.

Competition of the elements has forced our street sprinkler out of business for the time being, and the highway commissioner is making an attempt to improve the streets.

Rev. P. DeBruyn of Grand Haven and John DeBruyn and wife of Detroit were in Zeeland this week visiting their brother R. DeBruyn and family.

Thursday the 16th the Sunday school of the Ref. church will celebrate the 20th anniversary of its existence by a basket picnic in the woods, a diversity which many of the present scholars have never enjoyed.

Hide Dealers' Organize.

CHICAGO, June 7.—The National Hide Dealers' association was formed at a meeting held Monday at the Tremont house. The dealers claim to have been losing money owing to the rate cutting and the lack of organization. The association will control prices. Officers were elected as follows: President, H. S. Hill, Cleveland; vice presidents, Henry Elkins, Chicago; V. P. Tyler, Kansas City, and James McMillan, Minneapolis; secretary and treasurer, R. L. Crockett, Chicago. Fifty representatives of the trade were present. Three times that number were present at a dinner given in the evening at the hotel.

The pictures taken by Payne the photographer last Monday, of the street view during the procession are now finished and for sale at the gallery. They are just splendid.

The finest lot of hats in the city can be found at Bosman Brothers just now. The "Garden City" and the "King" hats are considered the latest and are all the go. Either black or brown can be had and every hat warranted.

MET FOR BUSINESS.

Republican National Delegates Hold Their First Session.

NO HITCH IN THE PROCEEDINGS.

Fassett Takes the Temporary Chairmanship Without a Contest and Starts the Oration.

Synopsis of What He Said—A Brief Address by Reed—Preliminary Matters Promptly Attended to—Named for the Two Principal Committees—Fair Delegate Attracts Attention.

MINNEAPOLIS, June 8.—As Rev. Dr. Brush, chancellor of the University of South Dakota, rose in the convention hall yesterday at 12:30 p. m. every delegate arose with him and reverently listened while he invoked the aid of the Most High in the convention's deliberations. Two minutes previously Chairman Clark-



J. SLOAT FASSETT, committee, had called to order the Tenth National Republican convention and announced that Dr. Brush would act as convention chaplain. At the end of the prayer, which was eloquent and appropriate, the delegates took their seats and a moment later M. H. DeYoung read the call for the convention. That formality over, Clarkson announced the selection by the national committee of J. Sloat Fassett, of New York, as temporary chairman.

Convention Oration Begun.

The temporary chairman was sitting with the New York delegation, but at a sign from Clarkson he rose and mounted the platform. When there, in a few well-chosen words Clarkson introduced him, and the first act of the national Republican convention was completed. Chairman Fassett immediately began his opening speech. First thanking the convention for the honor, he then declared Minneapolis, with its mills, factories, workshops, and happy homes, to be Republican doctrine epitomized in facts. The convention was warned that it was met for the purpose, not of quarrelling, but to select the best man in the party to run for the highest office in the gift of the republic; and the man must be the embodiment of the doctrines of the party.

Advice to the Delegates.

If to each delegate some one man appeared better for the nomination than any other that was the man for the delegate to vote for. The history of the Republican party since 1856 was the country's history. When we named those whom we taught our children to emulate we named Republicans—Lincoln, Seward, Grant, Sherman, Garfield, Logan, Harrison and Blaine. Those were a few of our jewels. He closed with a eulogy of the Republican party, declaring that there had not been a masterpiece of constructive or progressive legislation enacted since the war that did not bear the imprint of a Republican. He contrasted the work of the Fifth congress with that of the Fifty-first so far, especially with reference to tariff legislation.

Plea for a Fair Ballot.

At the rate the Democracy was going it would take them 800 years to produce a tariff bill complete. The speaker closed with an appeal for a fair vote and fair count, charging that the entire vocabulary of political crime has grown out of attempts to describe assaults of the Democracy on the freedom of the ballot. Until every citizen of whatever race can vote in security and have his vote counted as cast, our liberties are unsafe, and in this connection he referred to the fact that the Republicans enter the contest knowing that 156 electoral votes are absolutely secured in advance to the Democracy; southern states, he said, kept permanently solid through perpetual violation of constitutional guarantees.

Destiny of the Party.

Chairman Fassett concluded as follows: Sometimes we are told that the mission of the Republican party is ended; we have met our destiny and fulfilled it. But the destiny of a progressive party is never fulfilled in advancing and expanding national life. So long as there remains a wrong to be redressed; so long as there remains a right to be enforced; so long as all the privileges of citizenship are not freely enjoyed under the guarantee that the constitution gives to all citizens of this Union, just so long will there be a mission for the Republican party. So long will there be a great work before us.

Closing with a poetical quotation the chairman waited for no applause, but immediately asked: "What is the further pleasure of the convention?"

INCIDENTS OF THE SESSION.

They Would Have a Speech from Reed—Lady Delegates.

During his speech Fassett, as seen in the foregoing mentioned Harrison and Blaine together. The effect was to raise a simultaneous cheer from the partisans of both and prevent anything like a test.

The speaker also eulogized Tom Reed, and as soon as Fassett had closed there were calls for the "Czar," who is not a delegate, and sat in the gallery. He refused at first to "come down off the perch" but the convention would not be denied, and he took the platform and made a brief and pithy speech, closing with an earnest demand for party action on the free vote issue.

"Wealth and prosperity," said he, "are noble; but human liberty is magnificent." Reed's closing words aroused intense enthusiasm.

An Enthusiastic Gathering.

There was no end of enthusiasm in the hall. When Fassett took the chair the cheers were general. At different points in his speech he had to stop to wait for silence. When he mentioned Reed's name there was a roof-lifting outburst; and when Reed slowly gathered himself together, left his gallery seat and walked down the aisle to the platform he was accompanied by a tornado of enthusiasm. Every man of prominence as he appeared in the hall received his tribute of ap-

plause, and this was particularly noticeable when Ingalls walked into view.

The Women from Wyoming.

The other temporary offices were announced, the leading secretary being Chas. W. Johnson; of Minnesota. There was a long list of assistant secretaries and reading clerks and then the usual resolution for committee appointment was adopted. During the pauses of business there were two seats in the hall whose occupants were the observed of all observers. The occupants were Mrs. C. G. Carleton and Mrs. Therese A. Jen-

kins, both of Wyoming. They bore the scrutiny well and were evidently as much interested in the proceedings of the more noisy male delegates. There was plenty of time for looking around the hall while the committees were being named, and the chairman of the delegations, were frequent ly cheered. At the conclusion of the call the convention at nearly 2 p. m. adjourned for the day.

On Credentials and Resolutions.

Following are the credentials and resolutions committees as named by the delegations:

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ART OF FORGETTING.

DR. TALMAGE SHOWS THAT FORGETFULNESS HAS ITS USES.

The Value of a Retentive Memory Every One Knows, but There Are Some Things That Are Best Forgotten—A Scriptural Example for Its Exercise.

BROOKLYN, June 5.—The enormous audience which thronged the Tabernacle this morning had fresh evidence of Dr. Talmage's originality. The value of a retentive memory every one knew by experience and had heard extolled from their school days up, but they learned from Dr. Talmage's sermon that the art of forgetting is worth cultivating, and that there is the highest possible example for its exercise. His text was Hebrews viii, 12, "Their sins and their iniquities will I remember no more."

The national flower of the Egyptians is the heliotrope, of the Assyrians is the water lily, of the Hindoos is the marigold, of the Chinese is the chrysanthemum. We have no national flower, but there is hardly any flower more suggestive to many of us than the forget-me-not. We all like to be remembered, and one of our misfortunes is that there are so many things we cannot remember. Mnemonics, or the art of assisting memory, is an important art. It was first suggested by Simonides of Cos five hundred years before Christ.

Persons who had but little power to recall events, or put facts and names and dates in proper processions have, through this art, had their memory reinforced to an almost incredible extent. A good memory is an invaluable possession. By all means cultivate it. I had an aged friend who, detained all night at a miserable depot in waiting for a rail train fast in the snow banks, entertained a group of some ten or fifteen clergymen, likewise detained on their way home from a meeting of presbytery, first, with a piece of chalk, drawing out on the black and sooty walls of the depot the characters of Walter Scott's "Marmion," and then reciting from memory the whole of that poem of some eighty pages in fine print.

My old friend, through great age, lost his memory, and when I asked him if this story of the railroad depot was true, he said, "I do not remember now, but it was just like me. Let me see," said he to me, "have I ever seen you before?" "Yes," I said, "you were my guest last night and I was with you an hour ago." What an awful contrast in that man between the greatest memory I ever knew and no memory at all.

CULTIVATE FORGETFULNESS. But right along with this art of recollection, which I cannot too highly eulogize, is one quite as important and yet I never heard it applauded. I mean the art of forgetting. There is a splendid faculty in that direction that we all need to cultivate. We might, through that process, be ten times happier and more useful than we now are. We have been told that forgetfulness is a weakness and ought to be avoided by all possible means. So far from weakness, my text ascribes it to God. It is the very top of omnipotence that God is able to obliterate a part of his own memory. If we repent of sin and rightly seek the divine forgiveness, the record of the misbehavior is not only crossed off the books, but God actually lets it pass out of memory.

"Their sins and their iniquities will I remember no more." To remember no more is to forget, and you cannot make anything else out of it. God's power of forgetting is so great that if two men appeal to him, and the one man, after a life of abomination, gets pardoned, God remembers no more against one than against the other. The entire past of both the moralist, with his imperfections, and the profligate, with his debaucheries, is as much obliterated in the one case as in the other. Forgotten, forever and forever. "Their sins and their iniquities will I remember no more."

This sublime attribute of forgetfulness on the part of God and I need in our finite way to imitate. You will do well to cast out of your recollection all wrongs done you. During the course of one's life he is sure to be misrepresented, to be lied about, to be injured. There are those who keep these things fresh by frequent rehearsal. If things have appeared in print they keep them in their scrapbook, for they cut these precious paragraphs out of newspapers or books and at leisure times look them over, or they have them tied up in bundles or thrust in pigeonholes, and they frequently regale themselves and their friends by an inspection of these flings, these sarcasms, these falsehoods, these cruelties.

I have known gentlemen who carried them in their pocketbooks, so that they could easily get at these irritations, and they put their right hand in the inside of the coat pocket over the heart and say: "Look here! Let me show you something." Scientists catch wasps and hornets and poisonous insects and transfix them in curiosity bureaus for study, and that is well. But these of whom I speak catch the wasps and the hornets, and the poisonous insects and play with them and put them on themselves and on their friends, and see how far the noxious insects can jump and show how deep they can sting. Have no such scrapbook. Keep nothing in your possession that is disagreeable. Tear up the falsehoods, and the slanders, and the hypercriticisms.

Imitate the Lord in my text and forget, actually forget, sublimely forget. There is no happiness for you in any other plan or procedure. You see all around you, in the church and out of the church, dispositions acerb, malign, cynical, pessimistic. Do you know how these men and women got that disposition? It was by the embalmment of things potherine and viperous. They have spent much of their time in calling the roll of all the rats that have nibbled

at their reputation. Their soul is a cage of cultures. Everything in them is sour or embittered. The milk of human kindness has been curdled. They do not believe in anybody or anything.

If they see two people whispering they think it is about themselves. If they see two people laughing they think it is about themselves. Where there is one sweet pipin in their orchard there are fifty crab apples. They have never been able to forget. They do not want to forget. They never will forget. Their wretchedness is supreme, for no one can be happy if he carries perpetually in mind the mean things that have been done him.

On the other hand, you can find here and there a man or woman (for there are not many of them) whose disposition is genial and sunny. Why? Have they always been treated well? Oh, no. Hard things have been said against them. They have been charged with officiousness; and their generousities have been set down to a desire for display, and they have many a time been the subject of tittle-tattle, and they have had enough small assaults like gnats and enough great attacks like lions to have made them perpetually miserable, if they would have consented to be miserable.

But they have had enough divine philosophy to cast off the annoyances, and they have kept themselves in the sunlight of God's favor, and have realized that these oppositions and hindrances are a part of a mighty discipline, by which they are to be prepared for usefulness and heaven. The secret of it all is, they have by the help of the eternal God learned how to forget.

FORGIVE AND FORGET. Another practical thought—when our faults are repented of let them go out of mind. If God forgets them, we have a right to forget them. Having once repented of our infelicities and misdeeds, there is no need of our repenting of them again. Suppose I owe you a large sum of money, and you are persuaded I am incapacitated to pay, and you give me acquittal from that obligation. You say: "I cancel that debt. All is right now. Start again." And the next day I come in and say: "You know about that big debt I owed you. I have come in to get you to let me off. I feel so bad about it I cannot rest. Do let me off." You reply with a little impatience: "I did let you off. Don't bother yourself and bother me with any more of that discussion."

The following day I come in and say: "My dear sir, about that debt. I can never get over the fact that I owed you that money. It is something that weighs on my mind like a millstone. Do forgive me that debt." This time you clear lose your patience and say: "You are a nuisance. What do you mean by this repetition of that affair? I am almost sorry I forgave you that debt. Do you doubt my veracity, or do you not understand the plain language in which I told you that debt was canceled?"

Well, my friends, there are many Christians guilty of worse folly than that. While it is right that they repent of new sins and of recent sins, what is the use of bothering yourself and insulting God by asking him to forgive sins that long ago were forgiven? God has forgotten them. Why do you not forget them? No, you drag the load on with you and 365 times a year, if you pray every day, you ask God to recall occurrences which he has not only forgiven but forgotten. Quit this folly. I do not ask you less to realize the turpitude of sin, but I ask you to a higher faith in the promise of God and the full deliverance of his mercy. He does not give a receipt for part payment, or so much received on account, but receipt in full, God having for Christ's sake decreed, "your sins and your iniquities will I remember no more."

As far as possible, let the disagreeables of life drop. We have enough things in the present and there will be enough in the future to disturb us without running a special train into the great gone-by to fetch us as special freight things left behind. Sometime years ago, when there was a great railroad strike, I remember seeing all along the route from Omaha to Chicago and from Chicago to New York hundreds and thousands of freight cars switched on the side tracks, those cars loaded with all kinds of perishable material, decaying and wasting.

After the strike was over did the railroad companies bring all that perished material down to the markets? No, they threw it off where it was destroyed, and loaded up with something else. Let the long train of your thoughts throw off the worse than useless freight of a corrupt and destroyed past, and load up with gratitude and faith and holy determination. We do not please God by the cultivation of the miserable. He would rather see us happy than to see us depressed. You would rather see your children laugh than to see them cry, and your heavenly Father has no fondness for hysterics.

GLORIFY IN WICKEDNESS. Not only forget your pardoned transgressions, but allow others to forget them. The chief stock on hand of many people is to recount in prayer meetings and pulpits what big scoundrels they once were. They not only will not forget their forgiven deficits, but they seem to be determined that the church and the world shall not forget them. If you want to declare that you have been the chief of sinners and extol the grace that could save such a wretch as you were, do so, but do not go into particulars. Do not tell how many times you got drunk, or to what bad places you went, or how many free rides you had in the prison van before you were converted. Lump it, brother; give it to us in bulk.

If you have any scars got in honorable warfare, show them, but if you have scars got in ignoble warfare, do not display them. I know you will quote the Bible reference to the horrible pit from which you were digged. Yes, be thankful for that rescue, but do not make displays of the mud of that horrible pit or splash it over other people. Sometimes I have felt in Christian meetings discomfited

and unfit for Christian service because I had done none of those things which seemed to be in the estimation of many necessary for Christian usefulness, for I never swore a word, or ever got drunk, or went to compromising places, or was guilty of assault and battery, or ever uttered a slanderous word, or ever did anyone a hurt, although I knew my heart was sinful enough; and I said to myself, "There is no use of my trying to do any good, for I never went through those selected experiences;" but afterward I saw consolation in the thought that no one gained any ordination by the laying on of the hands of dissoluteness and infamy. And though an ordinary moral life, ending in a Christian life, may not be as dramatic a story to tell about, let us be grateful to God rather than worry about it, if we have never plunged into outward abominations.

It may be appropriate in a meeting of reformed drunkards or reformed debauchees to quote for those not reformed how desperate and nasty you once were, but do not drive a scavenger's cart into assemblages of people, the most of whom have always been decent and respectable. But I have been sometimes in great evangelistic meetings where people went into particulars about the sins that they once committed, so much so that I felt like putting my hand on my pocketbook or calling for the police lest these reformed men might fall from grace and go at their old business of theft or drunkenness or cutthroatery. If your sins have been forgiven and your life purified, forget the waywardness of the past and allow others to forget it.

But what I most want in the light of this text to impress upon my hearers and readers is that we have a sin forgetting God. Suppose that on the last day—called the last day because the sun will never again rise upon our earth, the earth itself being flung into fiery demolition—supposing that on that last day a group of infernal spirits should somehow get near enough the gate of heaven and challenge our entrance, and say: "How canst thou, the just Lord, let those souls into the realm of supernal gladness? Why, they said a great many things they never ought to have said, and they did a great many things they ought never to have done. Sinners are they; sinners all."

And suppose God should deign to answer, he might say: "Yes, but did not my only Son die for their ransom? Did he not pay the price? Not one drop of blood was retained in his arteries, not one nerve of his that was not wrung in the torture. He took in his own body and soul all the suffering that those sinners deserve. They pleaded that sacrifice. They took the full pardon that I promised to all who, through my Son, earnestly applied for it, and it passed out of my mind that they were offenders. I forgot all about it. Yes, I forgot all about it. Their sins and their iniquities do I remember no more."

A sin-forgetting God! That is clear beyond and far above a sin pardoning God. How often we hear it said, "I can forgive, but I cannot forget." That is equal to saying, "I verbally admit it is all right, but I will keep the old grudge good." Human forgiveness is often a flimsy affair. It does not go deep down. It does not reach far up. It does not fix things up. The contestants may shake hands, or passing each other on the highway they may speak the "Good morning" or the "Good night," but the old cordiality never returns. The relations always remain strained.

There is something in the demeanor ever after that seems to say, "I would not do you harm; indeed, I wish you well, but that unfortunate affair can never pass out of my mind." There may no hard words pass between them, but until death breaks in the same coolness remains. But God lets our pardoned offenses go into oblivion. He never throws them up to us again. He feels as kindly toward us as though we had been spotless and positively angelic all along.

AN ANECDOTE. Many years ago a family, consisting of the husband and wife and little girl of two years, lived far out in a cabin on a western prairie. The husband took a few cattle to market. Before he started his little child asked him to buy for her a doll and he promised. He could after the sale of the cattle purchase household necessities, and certainly would not forget the doll he had promised. In the village to which he went he sold the cattle and obtained the groceries for his household and the doll for his little darling. He started home along the dismal road at nightfall.

As he went along on horseback a thunderstorm broke, and in the most lonely part of the road, and in the heaviest part of the storm, he heard a child cry. Robbers had been known to do some bad work along that road, and it was known that this herdman had money with him, the price of the cattle sold. The herdman first thought it was a stratagem to have him halt and be despoiled of his treasures, but the child's cry became more keen and rending, and so he dismounted and felt around in the darkness and all in vain, until he thought of a hollow that he remembered near the road where the child might be, and for that he started, and sure enough found a little one fagged out and drenched of the storm and almost dead.

He wrapped it up as well as he could and mounted his horse and resumed his journey home. Coming in sight of his cabin he saw it all lighted up and supposed his wife had kindled all these lights so as to guide her husband through the darkness. But, no. The house was full of excitement and the neighbors were gathered and stood around the wife of the house, who was insensible as from some great calamity. On inquiry the returned husband found that the little child of that cabin was gone. She had wandered out to meet her father and get the present he had promised, and the child was lost. Then the father unrolled from the blanket the child he had found in the fields, and lo! it was his own child and the lost one of the prairie home, and the cabin quaked with the shout over the lost one found.

How suggestive of the fact that once we were lost in the open fields or among the mountain crags, God's wandering children, and he found us dying in the tempest and wrapped us in the mantle of his love and fetched us home, gladness and congratulation bidding us welcome. The fact is that the world does not know God, or they would all flock to him. Through their own blindness, or the fault of some rough preaching that has got abroad in the centuries, many men and women have an idea that God is a tyrant, an oppressor, an autocrat, a Nana Sahib, an omnipotent Herod Antipas. It is a libel against the Almighty; it is a slander against the heavens; it is a defamation of the infinites.

I counted in my Bible 304 times the word "mercy," single or compounded with other words. I counted in my Bible 478 times the word "love," single or compounded with other words. Then I got tired counting. Perhaps you might count more, being better at figures. But the Hebrew, and the Greek, and the English languages have been taxed till they cannot pay any more tribute to the love and mercy and kindness and grace and charity and tenderness and friendship and benevolence and sympathy and bounteousness and fatherliness and motherliness and patience and pardon of our God.

A STORY OF GARIBALDI. There are certain names so magnetic that their pronunciation thrills all who hear it. Such is the name of the Italian soldier and liberator, Garibaldi. Marching with his troops, he met a shepherd who was in great distress because he had lost a lamb. Garibaldi said to his troops, "Let us help this poor shepherd find his lamb." And so, with lanterns and torches, they explored the mountains, but did not find the lamb, and after an unsuccessful search late at night they went to their encampment.

The next morning Garibaldi was found asleep far on into the day, and they awakened him for some purpose and found that he had not given up the search when the soldiers did, but had kept on still farther into the night and had found it, and he pulled down the blankets from his couch and there lay the lamb, which Garibaldi ordered immediately taken to its owner. So the Commander of all the hosts of heaven turned aside from his glorious and victorious march through the centuries of heaven and said, "I will go and recover that lost world, and that race of whom Adam was the progenitor, and let all who will accompany me."

And through the night they came, but I do not see that the angelic escort came any farther than the clouds, but their most illustrious leader came all the way down, and by the time his errand is done our little world, our wandering and lost world, our world fleecy with the light, will be found in the bosom of the Great Shepherd, and then all heaven will take up the cantata and sing, "The lost sheep found." So I set open the wide gate of my text, inviting you all to come into the mercy and pardon of God; yes, still further, into the ruins of the place where once was kept the knowledge of your iniquities.

The place has been torn down and the records destroyed, and you will find the ruins more dilapidated and broken and prostrate than the ruins of Melrose or Kenilworth, for from these last ruins you can pick up some fragment of a sculptured stone, or you can see the curve of some broken arch, but after your repentance and your forgiveness you cannot find in all the memory of God a fragment of all your pardoned sins so large as a needle's point. "Their sins and their iniquities will I remember no more."

And none of that will surprise you if you will climb to the top of a bluff back of Jerusalem (it took us only five or ten minutes to climb it), and see what went on when the plateau of limestone was shaken by a paroxysm that set the rocks, which had been upright, askant, and on the trembling crosspieces of the split lumber hung the quivering form of him whose life was thrust out by metallic points of cruelty that sickened the noonday sun till it fainted and fell back on the black lounge of the Judean midnight.

Six different kinds of sounds were heard on that night which was interjected into the daylight of Christ's assassination. The neighing of the war horses—for some of the soldiers were in the saddle—was one sound; the bang of the hammers was a second sound; the jeer of malignants was a third sound; the weeping of friends and coadjutors was a fourth sound; the splash of blood on the rocks was a fifth sound; the groan of the expiring Lord was a sixth sound. And they all commingled into one sadness.

Over a place in Russia where wolves were pursuing a load of travelers, and to save them a servant sprang from the sled into the mouths of the wild beasts and was devoured, and thereby the other lives were saved, are inscribed the words, "Greater love hath no man than this, that a man lay down his life for his friend."

Many a surgeon in our own time has in tracheotomy with his own lips drawn from the windpipe of a diphtheric patient that which cured the patient and slew the surgeon, and all have honored the self sacrifice. But all other scenes of sacrifice pale before this most illustrious martyr of all time and all eternity. After that agonizing spectacle in behalf of our fallen race nothing about the sin forgetting God is too stupendous for my faith, and I accept the promise, and will you not all accept it? "Their sins and their iniquities will I remember no more."

Difference Between Bows and Pythons. The difference in structure between bows and pythons is a minute one, depending on the absence of teeth in the very front of the mouth in the latter group. Pythons may also attain a length of thirty feet, and such will swallow a half grown sheep quite easily. They are fierce animals, save, of course, when in a torpid condition after food, but they are never spontaneously aggressive as regards man.—Quarterly Review.

MY SWEETHEART.

No violet purples have so deep a hue As do her angel painted eyes of blue, A wild rose pink, a sea-shell's dainty grace, Were borrowed to bewitch her bonny face.

Her lips were made for kisses—nothing more I'll tell her this forever, o'er and o'er. Forever and a day I'll love her too, Because her heart is mine—her heart so true.

She loves and lives, and lives and loves for me, And for her sake I'll all things lovely be— For her, my love, my angel, treasure, pearl, Marie, my own, my darling baby girl. —Margaret Andrews Oldham in Century.

East Indian Character.

Poor, conquered, degraded, there can be no people among whom it would be harder to learn respect for human nature. But yet the memory of the Indians, as it survives after a full consideration of all that is bad and sad, has in it more of hope than of despair. The Indians stand out in the traveler's mind, not by their poverty or degradation, but by their affection, their patience, their dignity, their capacity for admiration.

Their affection has been made notorious by many a tale. The nurses devote themselves, literally giving life, for the English nurse child. The servants endure any hardships to follow a master they love. Everywhere we seemed to see among them signs of a will to be clinging or affectionate, and their records are full of tales of loyalty and of generous devotion.

If now there are not as many instances of such affection as there were in the earlier days of the English occupation, it must be remembered, as a missionary said, that India has now fewer English graves, and that employers on their side more often break the bonds when they, with light heart, take their journey home, made shorter by steam and swift vessels. Their patience also has been told of again and again.—Nineteenth Century.

A large stock of Toilet articles and Perfumery always on hand at the drug store of Dr. Wm. Van Putten. These goods we sell cheaper than the cheapest.

Don't Remain Stout

You See Your Stout Friends Growing Thinner Every Day.

They are Using DR. EDISON'S OBESITY PILLS AND BANDS.

No Dieting. -- No Purging.

It has been abundantly proved that the use of his non-electric bands, or his obesity pills, or both, for which the agents in this country are the well-known firm of Doring & Co., 36 Washington street, Chicago, opposite Marshall, Field & Co.'s store, is the one safe and effective way of reducing corpulency. The Obesity Pills are made from the waters of the German Imperial Springs, government ownership. The bands or pills are used separately, and make a rapid and healthful cure. Or, if used together, they help each other in action and obtain better results.

CURED HIS RHEUMATISM AND OBESITY. AUDITORIUM HOTEL, Chicago, April 20, 1892.—Gentlemen: Please send one 38-inch obesity band to Mrs. W. L. Carroll, 284 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, C. O. D. I like your obesity band and pills very much. They have reduced my weight eighteen pounds in the last five weeks. The obesity pills have driven away all rheumatic trouble. WILLIAM H. DREXEL.

How to Get the Proper Measurement. Measurement for a band is the largest part of the abdomen. The numbers 1, 2, 3 on the band indicate where measurement is to be taken.

The bands cost \$2.50 each for any length up to 36 inches, but for one larger than 36 inches add 10 cents extra for each additional inch. Thus a 46-inch costs \$3.50, and the pills may be bought for \$1.50 a bottle, or three bottles for \$4.50, enough for one treatment.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. You can buy the pills and bands direct from our stores, or by mail or express.

LORING & CO.

STORES: 36 East Washington St., Chicago, Ill. 42 West 23d St., New York City. 10 Hamilton Place, Boston, Mass. 331 Westminster St., Providence, R. I.

MORTGAGE SALE.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a mortgage made by James Ryder and Mary A. Ryder his wife, to Julia A. Thurston, dated December twenty-fourth A. D. 1881, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of Ottawa county, Michigan, on the thirteenth day of January A. D. 1882, in favor of mortgagees on page 639, upon which mortgage there is claimed to be due at this date Four Hundred dollars, and no suit or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover the same, or any part thereof, Notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and the statute made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale at public vendue of the mortgaged premises therein described, to-wit: That part of lot ten (10) in block 34 in the city of Holland, Ottawa county, Michigan, described as bounded by a line commencing thirty-eight feet west of the south-east corner of said lot ten, thence running west fifty feet, thence north to north line of said lot, thence east fifty feet, thence south to place of beginning. Said sale to take place at the front door of the Ottawa County courthouse, at Grand Haven, Michigan, on the

Twenty-Ninth Day of August A. D. 1892.

at one o'clock afternoon of said day, to pay the amount due on said mortgage, with interest and costs. Dated, June 1, 1892. JULIA A. THURSTON, Mortgagee. J. C. Post, Attorney.

EAGLE

FOUNDRY

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF TURNING OUT

GRATE BARS

—AND—

Job Work of all kinds IN METAL.

PLOW REPAIRS.

GOOD WORKMANSHIP AND LOW PRICES.

GEO. DEMING

Tenth Street, HOLLAND, MICH.

WERKMAN'S DRY GOODS STORE.

To The Public!

Ladies and Gentlemen, Please Bestow a Glance on This:

H. E. WERKMAN

Would respectfully announce to the ladies of Holland and vicinity, that his

SPRING PURCHASES

Are at hand and just opened. Light Evening Shoes and Novelties in DRESS GOODS AND TRIMMINGS. New Spring Ties. New Spring Hose. New Spring Gloves. New Line of Umbrellas. New Stock of Handkerchiefs. New Table Linens.

Napkins and a large stock of underwear and all the 10,000 things that go to make up a first-class stock of Dry Goods. Prices on everything the most reasonable possible. Please give us a call and see for yourselves.

H. E. WERKMAN, River St., Holland, Mich.

WEST MICHIGAN STEAM LAUNDRY.

Opp. Ottawa Furniture Factory.

The latest improved machinery for the accomplishing of

THE FINEST WORK.

Ladies' wearing apparel, Pillow Shams Lace Curtains, Family Washings, done promptly.

Goods called for and delivered.

Call and see us and get prices.

N. MOOSE, PROPRIETOR.

FIRST STATE BANK.

With Savings Department.

CAPITAL, \$35,000.00.

Cor. Eighth and Market Streets.

I. CAPRON, Pres't. I. MARSHALL, Cashier.

FOR SALE!

A roomy, well built house and large lot. The whole lot can be bought or only a portion of it. Situated on the corner of Ninth and Cedar streets. For further information enquire of

H. WYKHUYSEN, Holland, Mich.

WILLIAM KINNEY, MASON CONTRACTOR.

Estimates given on all kinds of masonry and plastering. Communications solicited. Address Box W, Holland, Mich.

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Practical Photographer. Portraits, views, and commercial work executed promptly. Good work and popular prices. Gallery on River street, formerly occupied by B. P. Higgins.

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Eighth Street, Holland, Mich.

Established 1875.

Incorporated as a State Bank in 1890.

A general banking business transacted.

Interest paid on certificates.

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CAPITAL, \$37,000.

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Sweet's Hotel.

The best place in the city for lodging or meals.

JUST A MOMENT!

PLEASE.

I want to call your attention to the delicious fruit which we are selling.

Apples from our Own State!

Oranges from sunny Florida!

Pears from golden California!

Then we have the nutritious Bananas, Lemons, for your pies, Cranberries for your sauce, Sweet Potatoes, Figs, Dates, Fresh Canned Goods, etc.

OR IF YOU WANT

WHITE BREAD, RYE BREAD, GRAHAM BREAD, Cakes, Pies, Candies, Nuts, Cigars, or Oysters, then call at the

City Bakery

OF

JOHN PESSINK,

Eighth Street, Holland, Mich.

BOOT AND SHOE HOUSE

-OF-

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EIGHTH STREET, HOLLAND MICH.

We have a finer line of LADIES' SHOES and SLIPPERS than ever before, of different grades and styles.

We handle the C. M. HENDERSON & CO'S Men's \$3 Calf Shoe. The sale of this shoe is tremendous, which is a guarantee of its quality.

G. VAN PUTTEN & SONS

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The most complete stock of

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DRY GOODS

Blankets, Comforters,

Dress Goods, Yarns,

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Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods

This side of Grand Rapids, and compete with

GRAND RAPIDS PRICES.

FLOUR AND FEED

ALSO ON HAND.

Central Drug Store!

H. KREMERR, M. D., Prop'r.

-A FULL LINE OF-

Pure Drugs, Chemicals, Soaps, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, &c.

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Imported and Domestic Cigars.

H. KREMERS, M. D., keeps his office at the store where calls will be received and promptly attended to.

Office hours, 8 to 9 A. M., and 3 to 5 P. M.

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Special attention to Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, and Throat.

Office, one door south of Meyer & Son's Music Store, River St., Holland, Mich. Office hours, 10 to 12 P. M.; 1:30 to 4 P. M., and evenings. Can also be found at his office during the night.

H. J. CONKRIGHT BARBER.

The Best Shaves and Hair Cuts in the city, at the Eagle Tonsorial Parlors.

North of DeKraker's meat market.

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TAXIDERMIST.

Birds, Animals, Fishes, Etc. Mounted to Nature.

Furs Tanned. Rugs made to Order.

Horns Polished and Mounted.

Cases Filled.

Old Specimens Re-mounted

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THE AURORA

Evaporating Stove

Is suitable for all kinds of Cooking and Baking.

Cheaper and Better

than a wood stove.

The new Aurora Range is the

Best and Cheapest

In the market.

Suitable for households and restaurants.

For prices and information go to

J. B. VAN ORT

Eight Street, Holland, Mich.

Did You

Try those fine Roasts which we are selling at the

CITY MEAT MARKET

Or the fresh Sausages?

Or the Pork Steak?

If not, you should do so. Have you any Poultry to sell? If so, I will pay you the highest market price in cash.

WAL. VAN DER VEERE.

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ALL WORK DONE IN A NEAT AND ARTISTIC MANNER.

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Fourteenth Street, West of Pine St.

GO TO

THE Economy MARKET

For the choicest

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.

ALSO

Poultry, and Game

As the market affords.

We have recently added a Steam Meat Cutter which enables us to produce Sausages that are pronounced by all who have tried them to be the very finest.

Orders taken and packages delivered free of charge.

KUITE BROS.

Eight Street, Holland.

To the Working People of Michigan.

OFFICE OF GENERAL EXECUTIVE BOARD, ORDER OF KNIGHTS OF LABOR, PHILADELPHIA, PA., April 28, 1902.

Much history will be made during the next few months by the people of the United States, and the cheering words that come to us from many quarters encourage us to hope that this history will be so written that coming generations will read it with pride. Everything indicates that we are about to see the beginning of the end of the reign of injustice and oppression that has condemned the industrious to poverty and wretchedness while enabling cunning non-producers to revel in unearned wealth.

For nearly a quarter of a century our Order has been tirelessly endeavoring to arouse the people to a realization of the injustice of the industrial system and to bring them to understand that free political institutions cannot permanently co-exist with an unjust system of production and distribution. For more than twenty years we have been working for a peaceful, bloodless, constitutional revolution which would insure to all men the result of their industry. We have worked only by means of organization and education, realizing that reforms, if they are to be permanent, must spring from and be rooted in the enlightened consciousness of the people. Those of us who have borne the burden and heat of the day are now privileged to see the seed we have sown, often in darkness and doubt, ripening to a harvest which promises all that in our fondest dreams we ventured to hope for. But though the harvest promises to be plentiful, the reapers are yet too few. Our work of education has been more rapid than our work of organization. In your State the Order does not number nearly as many as the purity of its aims and the nobility of its mission would justify us in expecting. Our doors are wide open for the admission of all men and women who earn their living by honest industry. We exclude none but those engaged in pursuits that are inimical to the general welfare. Brother Henry I. Allen and the officers and members of the State Assembly are doing excellent work, but they need the help and active co-operation of all who are willing to work for the common weal. We invite all such to enroll themselves under the shield of our Order. If there is an Assembly in your neighborhood, join it. If there is none, let ten or more true men and women come together and communicate with Brother Henry I. Allen, Schoolcraft, and he will take the needed steps to organize you.

JNO. W. HAYES.

Secretary General Executive Board

THE HAMBLETONIAN STALLION Cassius Allen.

Sired by Hessian, Jr. 2:37 1/4.

Is an iron grey, 16 hands high, 7 years old, and weighs 1,200 lbs. Is a horse of fine action, beautiful in appearance, and is a natural trotter. He is a fast walker and his coils inherit this very important trait of character. He is a sure footed getter, and his coils are all sound, straight, and fine appearing.

Will make the season of 1892 as follows: Monday and Tuesday of each week at the barn of Ed. J. Harrington, Jr., Holland. Wednesday and Thursday at the barn of Fred Miller, Montrose.

Friday and Saturday at Colman's barn, Hamilton. Fee, \$5 at time of service and \$10 when colt is two weeks old.

A. C. PARKHURST, Owner and Trainer.

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Repairing of all kinds. Mill and Engine Repairs a Specialty.

Castings in Brass and Iron.

Cor. River and Seventh Streets, HOLLAND, MICH.

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SPLendid ROASTS!

JUICY STEAKS!

MILES OF SAUSAGE!

Everything belonging to a first-class meat market, at

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WANTED!

Experienced girl for general housework. Good wages paid. Address, Box 548, City.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY!

A good competent nurse. Apply at Dr. Huizinga's office between 7 and 9 P. M.

ANIBA HOUSE

J. N. MAYNARD, PROPRIETOR.

First-Class in Every Respect. Rates, \$1.50 per Day.

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE.

Its Rooms Are Well Arranged and It Has a Handsome Exterior. (Copyright, 1902, by American Press Association.)

The accompanying perspective and floor plans are of a country residence of moderate cost, built in Illinois. It is a frame residence with all modern improvements and is suitable for either city or country. The height of the first floor is 2 1/2 feet above the grade line, and it is reached by broad steps leading to the front veranda, whence a pair of double storm doors open into a vestibule connected with the hall by a single sliding door. The hall is of ample size, with parlor, sitting room and dining room connected with it by sliding doors.



PERSPECTIVE VIEW.

By adoption of this plan these rooms can all easily be thrown together on occasion of home entertainments. Opening off the sitting room is a curtained bed alcove which is connected with the bathroom.

The sitting room and dining room are furnished with drawers under the seats in the bay windows. The kitchen is so located as to be convenient of access to other parts of the house, and at the same time so arranged as to prevent the noise and smells of cooking from entering other rooms, having two doors between it and any other room connected with it.

The comfort and utility of a house depend so much upon the arrangement and relative position of the rooms that the success of a design in execution may almost be said to depend upon the manner in which the planning of the rooms is executed. Unfortunately this fact is often overlooked, and essential features of the plan are sacrificed for features of the elevation. In this design is a compact and convenient arrangement of rooms with a neat and pleasing elevation. The front window in the parlor has a polished plate glass 60x48 inches, with stained glass transoms over it. The three windows on the main stairs are of stained glass.

The second floor is reached by two stairways, rising from the front and back halls. On the second floor are five chambers. Ample provision is made for closet room. Red oak finish is employed in the vestibule and front hall, including the staircase—a material item of expense, which could be lessened if necessary. The kitchen and bedroom are finished in yellow pine. The kitchen and dining room are wainscoted to the height of 3 feet, and the bathroom 6 feet. All other rooms are finished in white pine. The entire first floor is finished in hard oak. Height of the first story 10 feet and second story 9 feet in the clear.

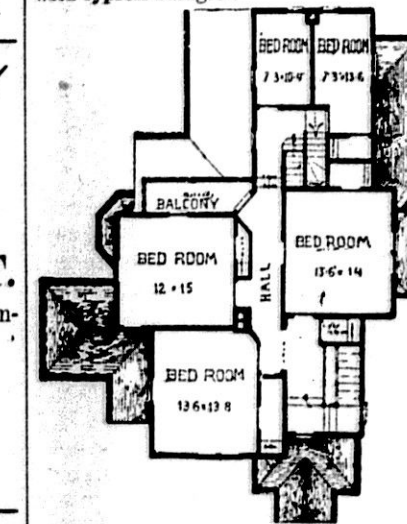
The outside finish is of pine. The walls are sheathed with shiplap and paper, and finished with 1/2-inch siding. The lower part of gables and the roof are covered with cypress shingles.

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SECOND STORY.

A cellar is provided under the kitchen and dining room, 7 feet in depth. It is reached by a stairway from the pantry. The house is well plumbed and heated by furnace. Total cost, \$4,000.

GEORGE W. PAYNE.

"Old" Furniture.

The necessity of a grandfather in the family has begun to make itself felt in dead earnest in America, and if one doesn't have good evidence of him in the shape of a wormeaten oak sideboard or fiddleback chair, the fact is due wholly to one's lack of enterprise. Genuine Colonial relics are extremely rare, but the accommodating dealers are always equal to an emergency, and antiques by the carload are being turned out every day.—Decorator and Furnisher.

Wall Paper.

In selecting wall paper it should be chosen in accordance with good taste, and the most important question to decide is whether it is to form a decoration for itself, or is to become a mere background for pictures. In either case the colors should be subdued in tone. Where water color drawings are hung in a drawing room, paper of embossed white or cream color, with very small spots of gold, will not be amiss.—Decorator and Furnisher.

Drapery Over a Bedstead.

A pretty way of arranging drapery over a bedstead is to have a ring fixed to the ceiling and the material drawn through it and allowed to hang in ample folds behind the bedstead and at both sides. Few materials are more suited for this purpose than reversible cretonnes. These are made in sufficient variety of coloring to enable you to find one that will agree with the colors of your wall paper and carpet.—Decorator and Furnisher.

DEMOCRATIC REAPPORTIONMENT.

The Fairest Congressional Districts That the State Has Had.

They Are Compact, Have Common Interests, and Are Nearly Equal in Population.

The reapportionment of the congressional districts made by the democratic legislature of 1891 is the fairest that has been made in the history of Michigan. The republican press persistently talks about the "great democratic gerrymander." It takes but the briefest glance at the earlier apportionments of the state to demonstrate that the new division is by far more fair and proportionate than any ever made by the republicans of Michigan. The republican press has a practice of claiming everything done by the republicans to be good and of constantly decrying all the things done by the democratic party.

The people of Michigan, wearied with the mal-administration of the republican party at Lansing, voted the democratic party into power in 1890. Its administration of the state offices and its legislative acts have been commendable. It has kept its pledges to the people. It has enforced honesty and economy in the conduct of the public business. It has passed many laws for the benefit of the people—notably the law to popularize presidential elections by bringing them nearer the people and choosing presidential electors by districts. This was accompanied by a reapportionment that literally shines by contrast with its republican predecessors. The democratic party of Michigan is charged with endeavoring to steal the presidency by the district plan. This charge comes with little grace from a party that actually did steal one president. The district plan makes it possible for the democrats, prohibitionists and members of the people's party, who are in an immense majority over the republicans in Michigan, to choose a proportionate part of the electors of Michigan. This great majority is to be no longer a voiceless minority.

An examination of the following tables shows the absolute fairness of the new districts from which the congressmen and presidential electors are to be chosen. This is the apportionment that has been so freely denounced as a "horrible gerrymander" and contrasted with the "fair" republican apportionment.

accepted by republicans who have not examined the figures, and to independent voters and democrats there may seem to be some force in the partisan denunciation of the new electoral law and the democratic congressional apportionment.

A glance at the map of the new congressional districts will show that the last apportionment is by far the most just and equitable we have ever had. The new districts are so constructed that the interests of associated counties are identical. They are compact and easy of communication. The shameless gerrymanders made by the republicans in Ohio, Iowa and other states and which have been followed by the democrats in some states found no favor in Michigan.

Congressional apportionments are made every ten years, and are based on the United States census. We will notice, for comparison, the last three apportionments made in the years 1872, (by the republicans) 1882, (by the republicans) and 1891 (by the democrats). The apportionment of 1891 made by the democratic legislature was based upon the census of 1890, which gave the population of the state at 2,083,889, which, divided by 12, the number of congressional districts, gives 174,491 as the ratio of population for each. We give below the population of each district, the departure from the ratio, the per cent. of departure in each, and the average for the whole:

DEMOCRATIC CONGRESSIONAL APPORTIONMENT, 1891.

DISTRICT.	Population.	Departure.	Per Cent. of Departure.
1.....	173,841	650	0.37
2.....	192,879	18,388	10.53
3.....	172,319	2,172	0.14
4.....	191,879	6,388	3.62
5.....	178,961	3,500	0.20
6.....	190,539	10,048	5.64
7.....	181,435	6,944	3.88
8.....	172,342	2,249	0.13
9.....	188,026	28,855	16.54
10.....	184,801	19,690	11.28
11.....	187,669	6,822	3.62
12.....	180,688	6,117	3.58
Total departure.....	114,973	67.88	
Average departure.....	9,581	0.51	

LAST REPUBLICAN CONGRESSIONAL APPORTIONMENT, 1882.

DISTRICT.	Population.	Departure.	Per Cent. of Departure.
1.....	166,444	17,622	11.84
2.....	156,538	7,726	5.19
3.....	164,466	16,154	10.85
4.....	156,569	1,757	1.18
5.....	178,026	28,284	15.68
6.....	164,784	15,972	10.74
7.....	154,392	6,588	3.75
8.....	160,290	11,478	7.79
9.....	182,310	22,822	12.52
10.....	111,151	37,661	33.87
11.....	164,527	44,285	26.76
Total departure.....	21,091	146.01	
Average.....	10,190	13.27	

It will be observed that the greatest departure from the ratio by the democrats is 16.54 per cent., and by the republicans, was 29.76 per cent.; that the average departure by the republicans was two and a half times that by the democrats and that the greatest difference between any two districts in the democratic apportionment is between the Second and Ninth districts, which is 44,252, and in the republican apportionment of 1882 the greatest difference was 73,539 between the Fifth and Eleventh. It will be remembered that the old Fifth, which was given a population of 178,000 or 19 per cent. above the average, had twice been carried by the democrats, while the Eleventh, which was reliably republican, had but 104,527 or 29.76 per cent. below the average. Comparing these two districts, it will be seen that 73,539 more people were required to elect a democratic congressman in the Fifth than to elect a republican in the Eleventh.

The apportionment by the republicans in 1873 was also open to severe criticism. The total population of the state in 1873 was 1,184,282 and the ratio of district population was 131,557.

REPUBLICAN CONGRESSIONAL APPORTIONMENT, 1872.

DISTRICT.	Population.	Departure.	Per Cent. of Departure.
1.....	119,008	12,510	10.51
2.....	148,291	14,017	11.11
3.....	140,201	14,014	11.11
4.....	144,272	12,666	9.94
5.....	140,235	17,728	14.84
6.....	168,077	31,490	23.95
7.....	123,048	8,587	6.98
8.....	98,669	29,918	30.22
9.....	93,801	37,096	39.64
Total departure.....	192,816	128.93	
Average.....	20,313	15.43	

The greatest departure from the ratio in the apportionment of 1872 was 39.64, which was 28.64 per cent. above the ratio. The greatest difference between any two districts was between the Sixth, which afterward elected democrats to congress and which had a population of 168,077, and the Ninth, Jay Hubbell's district, with a population of 93,801, being 27,696, or 28.64 per cent. below the ratio. The difference between these extremes was 69,195. The difference was almost three-fourths the entire population of the republican Ninth district. The average departure from the ratio in 1872 was three times as great as by the democratic apportionment of 1891. And yet republican papers have coolly called the latter an unprincipled partisan gerrymander for the purpose of "stealing" congressional and presidential electors.

The three apportionments may be contrasted in brief as follows:

Year.	Party Making Apportionment.	Total Population.	Average Departure.	Per Cent. of Departure.
1872	Republican	1,184,282	20,313	15.43
1882	Republican	2,111,021	10,190	13.27
1891	Democratic	2,083,889	9,581	5.61

Republicans talk about shoeing districts in Michigan as ridiculous. Does the reader remember the old Tenth district which spread over nearly one-fourth of the state and extended from Genesee county to the straits? And the Eleventh, which straddled the broadest part of Lake Michigan? The three counties of the lower peninsula which were attached to the Eleventh had about as much community of interest with the upper peninsula as they had with Alaska.

We do not claim that districts are or can be absolutely equal in population, but the democratic apportionment comes a great deal nearer to the requirements of justice and conforms better to the spirit of the constitution than did its republican predecessors.

The people are just. It will take something more than empty partisan claims to prove the charges against the democratic party. The figures are not in dispute. They are not the work of a party. They are the work of the people upon their own work and their own heads.

The Tannery Chimney.
The immense chimney built for the Cappon & Bertch Leather Co. and which was almost completed fell last night at about ten o'clock. About twelve men have been employed at it for about sixty days. The chimney was 184 feet, 9 inches in height, 14 feet in diameter at the bottom and had a taper of 3-16 of an inch to the foot. On the top was placed an iron cap of 15 feet in diameter. It took about 215,000 brick to build this immense piece of masonry. The foundation seems to have been treacherous and we have heard it stated that there was quick sand down below. This mistake seems to have been in not driving spiles for the foundation to rest upon. Yesterday it could be plainly seen that it was settling towards the south-east and at the time that it fell a large number of people were standing near. It is really a wonder that no one was hurt or killed outright.

Our New Steamer Chas. McVea.
The passengers on the steamer Chas. McVea on her trip to Chicago last Sunday evening were Mr. Gosseway, mother and sister, of Chicago, Messrs. Brunges, Brown, Janks, McKenzie and Graves of Chicago, Mrs. Vogel, Mr. Scholtz, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Cappon, M. Jonkman and John Thompson of this city. On her return trip Tuesday morning her passengers were John Zeithe of Saugatuck, John Lenters and Mr. Swartz of Chicago, and Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Cappon, Miss Kloosterman, and M. Jonkman of this city.

The McVea is a new boat of 263.44 gross tonnage, valued at about \$28,000 and of good speed, making the distance between here and Chicago in about eight hours. She has 22 state rooms with good beds and furnishings, an after-cabin finely carpeted and finished with upholstered chairs, rockers and couches. There is also a card and smoking room. Her captain is John B. Campbell, of Saugatuck; engineer, Henry Bender, of this city; clerk, W. H. McVea, of Saugatuck. Her full crew consists of twelve men. She will leave here every Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday evening at about 6:30, making connections with the 6:25 train from Grand Rapids. Fare single trip, \$2, round trip, \$3, including berth. This is a quick, easy and cheap route to Chicago, and should be well patronized by the Grand Rapids and other people.

The Maccabee Social.
The Maccabees gave a social at their hall Wednesday evening. About twenty-five of the Douglas lodge with their ladies were present. Several new members were initiated. At about eleven o'clock a banquet was served to which the large gathering did ample justice. Prof. S. E. Higgins was to be toastmaster but was called away from the city and George Ballard took his place. The following toasts were responded to:
"The Maccabees as compared with other Beneficiary Associations", W. A. Holley; "Fraternal Societies from a Medical Standpoint", Dr. J. A. Mabbs; "Fraternal Associations from a Journalistic Standpoint", Chas. Winslow, of Douglas Record; "Douglas Tent", Prof. Dann, of Douglas.

The dining hall was then cleared and the balance of the night up to about three o'clock was spent in dancing and music. The arrangements of the affair were not as complete as desired owing to the extremely short time in which it was gotten up. The lodge here is growing rapidly as anyone who becomes acquainted with the aims and benefits of the association sees immediately the advantage derived, especially in the insurance of the order. There are no oaths connected with joining the order thus doing away with the prejudice which is generally held by a large number against joining such orders.

Commencement Week at Hope College.
June 15-17. Undergraduate Examinations. Open to all.
June 17, 7:30 p. m. Anniversary of the Melphoe Society.
June 19, 7:30 p. m. Baccalaureate Sermon, in the First Ref. church, by the President.
June 20, 2:00 p. m. Closing exercises of the "A" or Graduating Class of the Grammar School.
June 20, 7:30 p. m. Anniversary of the Ufilas club.
June 21, 10:00 a. m. Meeting of the Council.
June 21, 7:30 p. m. Public exercises of the Alumni.
June 22, 7:30 p. m. Commencement in the Third Ref. church.

A cordial invitation is extended to the friends and patrons of the Institution.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.
List of letters advertised for the week ending June 9th, 1892, at the Eoland, Michigan, P. O. Mrs. L. Gorham, W. K. Johnson.
G. J. VAN DUREN, P. M.

A Hint.
Seasons come and go, and like everything else styles in hats are changing. The season for straw hats is here and we have just received a splendid lot of all the latest styles from the cheapest to the finest straws. Call on us and see our stock.
BOSMAN BROS., Merchant Tailors.
Eighth St., Holland.

Hopkins has no special line of samples. Every photo finished used as a sample.

OIL CREEK AFLAME.

A Horror in Pennsylvania Similar to Conemaugh.

HUNDREDS DROWNED AND BURNED.

Like the Johnstown Catastrophe the Origin is the Breaking of a Dam.

Oil Creek Floods Parts of Titusville and Oil City and Is Changed in a Moment into a Fiery Sea—Explosions of Naphtha Start the Conflagration—Deaths of Persons Cremated in Their Water-Isolated Homes, in the Raging Torrent and in the Streets While Flying for Safety—A Whole Ward Swept Away at Oil City and Scores of Buildings Destroyed at Titusville.

TITUSVILLE, Pa., June 6.—Yesterday this city was visited by one of the most appalling fires and overwhelming floods in the history of this country. A conservative estimate places the number of lives lost at fully seventy-five from fire and drowning. As near as can be gathered from reports as they come in the loss by destruction of property will aggregate fully \$1,500,000. All this loss is in the city, with the surrounding country yet to be heard from. A large number of the most extensive and prosperous manufacturing establishments now lay in ashes, and hundreds of homes and business places are utterly wiped out, while the streets are filled with a crowd of hungry, homeless, weeping and distracted people, mourning the loss of loved ones who have perished in the rush of waters or the fiery billows of flame which engulfed them.

Like the Conemaugh Catastrophe.
About midnight Saturday historical Oil Creek began suddenly to rise. Heavy and almost incessant rains have been prevalent throughout this entire section for the past six weeks. This, however, does not seem to have been the cause of the sudden rise in the oil creek, although at first it was thought to be the case. The huge mill dam, owned by Thompson & Eldred, and located at the little town of Spartansburg, seven miles above this city, suddenly burst. This artificial body of water, was one and a half miles in length and one fourth of a mile wide and quite deep. This suddenly let loose it made of this devoted valley, in the course of a few brief moments, a regular inland sea.

TRAPPED IN THEIR SLEEP.
Surrounded by Water and the Water Affame—A Frightful Scene.

This sudden avalanche of water, descending when most of the inhabitants were sleeping, completely and at once shut them off from the higher portions of the city. Notwithstanding this state of affairs the danger to the city was under-rated, no one having the slightest idea that the flood, dangerous as it was, was to be soon reinforced by fire. At 3 o'clock yesterday morning, immediately following three terrific explosions which shook the city to its center, a great light went up from the direction of the Crescent refinery, located on the north side of the creek, in the east end, and owned by John Schwartz & Co. The entire plant was one vast sheet of solid flame in a moment.

Surrounded by a Sea of Fire.
The flames shot up 200 feet and revealed a fearful spectacle which was made heartrending by the shrieks and cries of the helpless human beings caged in their dwellings like rats in a trap in the middle of that rushing and mighty water and within the very shadow of death from burning oil, benzine and naphtha which covered the surface and threatened at any time to engulf them. Oil creek, now swollen to 500 times its natural size, and reaching from one hillside to the other, presented an appalling picture. Floating swiftly by on its bosom were all sorts, manners and kinds of animate and inanimate objects, tanks, stills with steam in them and blowing off, houses, barns, horses, cows, chickens—everything almost being borne onward with a rush.

Human Freight in the Torrent.
Clinging to various objects, such as driftwood, pieces of boards, timbers, and any other objects they could lay hands on, were scores of human beings, their white and terror-stricken countenances, desperate struggles and plaintive, soul piercing cries for aid all combining to create impressions in the minds of the beholders never to be effaced or forgotten. About one hour from the time the Crescent works caught another alarm was sounded and it was found that oil discharged from an overturned tank further up the creek had scattered itself over a broad enough expanse of water to reach the Crescent fire, where it at once ignited and in a moment a large acreage of the creek was one vast sea of fire.

The Flames Sweep Right On.
This blaze soon spread to the International oil works, owned by J. P. Thomas & Co., and they were soon in a blaze. Then came the large refining plant and soap factory of Rice & Robinson, which the flames in a short time reached and consumed. The wind was in the right quarter and on sped the fire, arriving in due time at the Oil Creek refinery and wax plant. Up to this time the fire had destroyed the large furniture factory, store, and store room of Casperson & Rowe, the Cullen hotel, the Western New York and Pennsylvania freight depot, and about seventy-five private dwellings.

FORTY KNOWN TO BE DEAD.

Many of the Victims Burned Almost Beyond Recognition.
The undertaking establishments of Davidson & McNitt have been turned temporary morgues. With the exception of the bodies of seven Hebrews and two children all of the bodies so far recovered have been taken there as fast as they are brought from the water. Most of the bodies bear evidence of having met death from burning oil, many of them burned almost beyond recognition and several of them in such terrible manner as to leave the bodies nothing but blackened crisps, entirely without the least semblance of the human form.

The Lost and Recovered.
The list now actually found and known to be dead is as follows: William Cuppey, Fred Reide, Mrs. Mary Haehn, Mamie Haehn, Gertrude Haehn, Clara Haehn, Peter Haehn, Mrs. Fred Campbell and two children, Oliver Edgar, Joe Spiegler and two children visiting here from Warren; Frank Whaelon, wife and child; F. Lemers, Nellie Quinn, Mrs. Furman and daughter (colored), Mrs. A. Jacobs, Delia Rice, Mrs. Englesky and child, Mrs. Jacobs and child; a picture-frame peddler, name un-

known; Mrs. Jacob Bingenheimer and seven children, Mrs. C. P. Casperson, Mrs. P. Quinn, Mamie S. Quinn, John M. McFadden. It is impossible to give an estimate as to the number missing. It runs to the hundreds and without doubt fully double the number enumerated above will be found dead.

THE DEATH RECORD.

MINNIE MORGAN, well-known writer on horses and cattle, at New York.
EX-MAYOR THOMAS J. STEPHENS of Cincinnati.
HUGH T. DICKEY, formerly on the Chicago bench, at New York.
WALKER S. HOBART, a San Francisco millionaire.
Captain THOMAS G. CROSSBY, well-known marine insurance man, at Chicago.
DANIEL D. MOORE, formerly editor of The Rural New Yorker, at New York.
JOHN DUNLAP, the triplite importer, at Pittsburgh.
JUDGE FRANK L. GILSON of the Wisconsin supreme court, at Milwaukee.
DAVID KELLS, one of the oldest printers of New York.
SAMUEL B. MOISE, well-known banker, at Chicago.

Pointers to Buyers.
G. Van Putten & Sons are still taking steps to procure for their patrons the very best of everything in the dry goods line. Their prints, muslins, ginghams and suitings in all leading patterns are bargains.

To those who are looking for a bargain in a fine ready made suit or want a suit made up of the best material at a low price, Wm. Brusse & Co., are offering some of the finest goods in the market.

At this season of the year there is always considerable painting to be done around the house and barn. Dr. Wm. Van Putten has a new line of the very best paints, oils, varnishes and brushes and at the prices he is selling them at they are going rapidly.

The brands of flour turned out by the Standard Roller mills has acquired an enviable reputation not only throughout the United States, but also in Europe. Their custom grinding has assumed great proportions. Also remember that they are paying higher prices for wheat and other grains than in any other market near by.

Apricots just received at John Pessink's, strawberries, cherries, pineapples, beans, etc. Pessink always does his best to get fruits as early as they appear in the market.

The finest groceries and dry goods are handled by H. D. Werkman, the River street merchant. He has acquired a reputation for selling goods at remarkably low prices.

Real estate in Holland is wonderfully cheap yet, compared with other cities, but with the steady and rapid advancement the prices will go higher every year. If you want to be the owner of a fine house and lot call on J. C. Post. He has a large number of the finest lots to be found in the city and will sell them on easy terms. Or if you want to rent a house or sell any property you can not do better than by calling on him.

Dried beef and boneless ham are fine for lunch or for picnic parties. De Kraker and De Koster have always in stock the choicest meats of all kinds. They also pay the highest market price for cattle and poultry.

Everyone is delighted with the photographs which Payne is finishing up. The instantaneous process is just the thing for children. The baby's face is taken before he gets time to cry. F. E. Payne has lately opened his gallery on River street and it is one of the finest in the community and all work is first class.

Out of the Ordinary.
Last Wednesday we saw a man on a crossing of one of our streets. When in the middle of the street something dropped upon the crossing and was smashed. It proved to be a bottle of beer which he was trying to carry under his coat. He walked on as if unconscious of the loss but eye-witnesses called to him to pick up the pieces.

One day this week we saw on Eighth street a man and his little boy sampling the contents of a bottle of beer. The man would take a long pull at the bottle and then hold it up to the boy's mouth.

We expect to make a few remarks about city matters and city officials in our next issue.

Dr. H. Kremers is gone this week to Detroit as a delegate to the American Medical Association which is being held there.

Kuite Bros. will open their River street meat market to-morrow morning in the place lately occupied by Burton.

The condition of affairs at the Republican National convention at Minneapolis up to yesterday afternoon was still in a chaotic state. The Harrison men are strong, the Blaine men are confident and the outlook would indicate that the convention will nominate neither of them but will compromise on a dark horse. Who this will be is a question, but it looks very much like McKinley. There is however nothing certain and it sets everyone at guessing who will finally carry off the nomination.

Do you want a straw hat? Of course you do, and the latest and neatest style we suppose. We have just received the finest assortment of straw hats in the city, all shades, styles, qualities and prices. Just step in and see our stock and we are sure you can be suited.

BOSMAN BROTHERS,
Merchant Tailors and Hatters,
Eighth St., Holland.

Jewelry!

CLOCKS!

WATCHES!

Complete Stock.

REPAIRING.

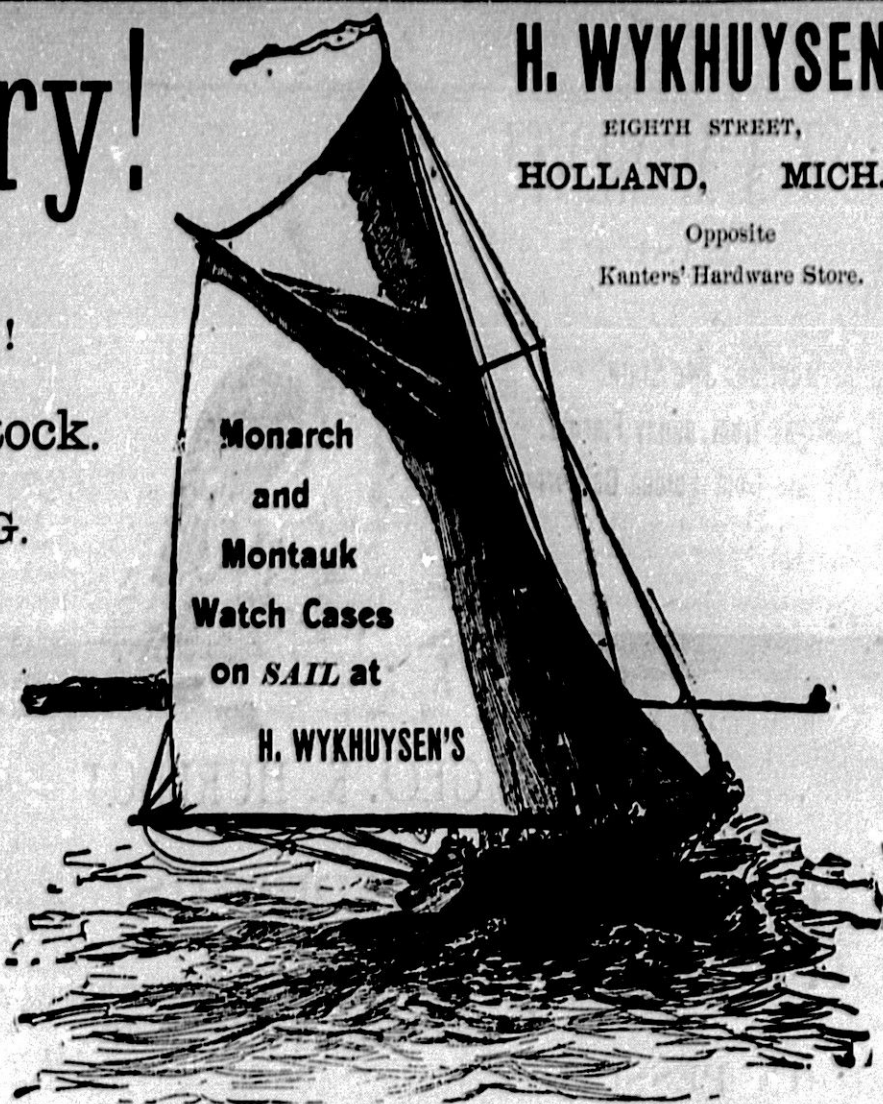
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Past Reputation

A

GUARANTEE

Of Good Work.



H. WYKHUYSEN

EIGHTH STREET, HOLLAND, MICH.

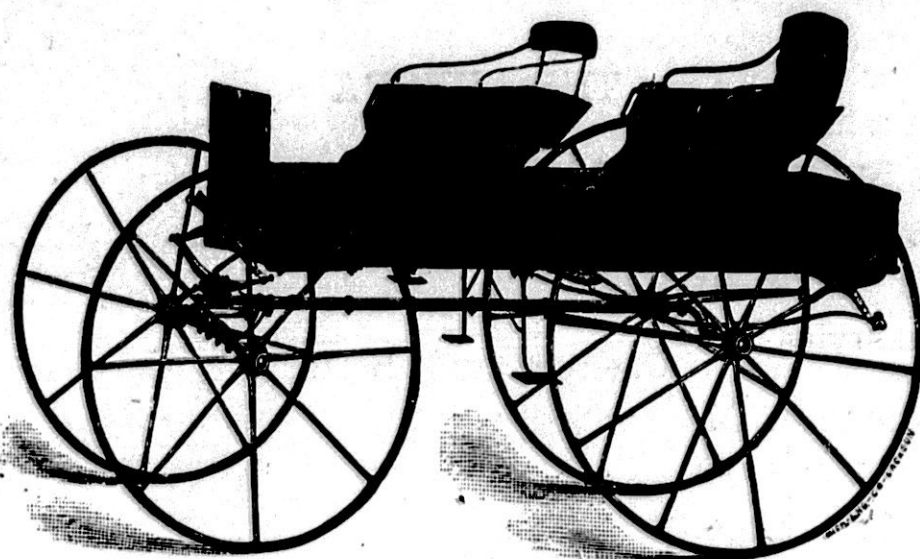
Opposite
Kanters' Hardware Store.

How Are You Riding?

—IF FOR—

Business or Pleasure, you want Safety and Comfort.

NEW STYLES!



NEW PRICES!

—BUY YOUR—

BUGGIES, SPRING WAGONS, ROAD WAGONS, ROAD CARTS

Where you can buy the best job for the least money.

Also general dealer in FARM IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINERY, NEW GALE PLOWS, acknowledged to be the best and easiest running Plows ever put into the ground. Give one a trial! Also South Bend and Bissell Plows; Steel Smoothing and Spring-Tooth Harrows; Gale Riding Spring Harrow, with patent teeth (five tools in one). PLANET, JR., CULTIVATORS, best on earth.

Deering and Champion Binders and Mowers!

New Port Huron Engines and Threshers, Etc.

We are here to serve the public and kindly solicit your patronage. Send for Catalogues. All first class goods, warranted. Repairs constantly on hand.

H. DE KRUIF, JR.

ZEELAND, MICH

P. S.—Agency of the Western Reversible Steel Road Machines

SPRING and SUMMER MILLINERY!

WHEN YOU WANT THE BEST FOR OUR

"SUNLIGHT" and "DAISY"

BRANDS.

MORE BREAD! -- WHITER BREAD! -- BETTER BREAD! THAN ANY OTHER FLOUR MADE.

Our "Wheat Grits" are the choicest cereal food for a Breakfast or Dessert dish. Recipes for cooking printed on every package. Ask your grocer or flour dealer for them.

THE WALSH-DE ROO MILLING CO.

Corner River and Fifth Street.

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(SUCCESSORS TO P. W. KANE)

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DRUGS

PATENT :: MEDICINES

Toilet Articles, School Books, Perfumes, Stationery, Fine Cigars, Magazines, and Papers.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED by a Registered and Experienced Pharmacist.

Full line of Inside and Outside Paints, Varnishes and Brushes.

Cor. Eighth and River. Holland, Mich.

SWIFT & MARTIN.